

# STIC Search Report

# STIC Database Tracking Number: 184278

TO: Charles Boyer Location: REM 9A55

Art Unit: 1751 April 7, 2006

Case Serial Number: 10/649823

From: Ross Shipe Location: EIC 1700 REMSEN 4B31

Phone: 571/272-6018 Ross.Shipe@uspto.gov

# Search Notes

Examiner Boyer:

Please review the attached search results.

I got 29 hits with the structure on page 3 to the end.

If you have any questions or if you would like to refine the search query, please feel free to contact me at any time.

Thanks you for using EIC 1700 search services!

Ross Shipe (ASRC)
Technical Information Specialist



Access DB# 184278

# SEARCH REQUEST FORM

# Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Chan Art Unit: 125 Phone I Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location	Oos Boyes Number 30   21 n: 9155 R	Examiner # :	73868 Date: 4/5/06  mber: 10/649823  mred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAII
If more than one search is subn			order of need. ***********************************
Please provide a detailed statement of the Include the elected species or structures, I utility of the invention. Define any terms known. Please attach a copy of the cover	keywords, synonyms, ac that may have a special	cronyms, and registry n I meaning. Give examp	umbers, and combine with the concept or
Title of Invention: <u>See a</u>	ttached		Sci 2 rech Inf - Cnti
Inventors (please provide full names):		•	APR 5 Retta s
Earliest Priority Filing Date:		<del> </del>	Pat. & T.M. Office
appropriate serial number.			claims. Dry great. Thanks
			Thanks
Searcher Phone #:  Date Searcher Picked Up: Date Completed:  Searcher Prep & Review Time:  Clerical Prep Time:	************  Type of Search  NA Sequence (#)  AA Sequence (#)  Structure (#)  Bibliographic  Litigation  Fulltext  Patent Family	Dialog  Questel/Orbit  Dr.Link  Lexis/Nexis  Sequence Systems  WWW/Internet	and cost where applicable
Online Time:369	Other -	Other (specify)	

PTO-1590 (8-01)



## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Vignia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov



**CONFIRMATION NO. 6641** 

Bib Data Sheet									
SERIAL NUMBER 10/649,823	FILING DATE 08/28/2003 RULE	C	CLASS 510		ART UNIT 51	D	ATTORNEY OCKET NO. 8811-0123P		
APPLICANTS Yi Yeol Lyu, Daejeon-Shi, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF;									
Seok Chang, Da Ji Man Kim, Gye OF;	Seok Chang, Daejeon-Shi, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF; Ji Man Kim, Gyeonggi-Do, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF;Jae Geun Park, Daejeon-Shi, KOREA, REPUBLIC OF;								
** CONTINUING DATA	A *********	*							
** FOREIGN APPLICATIONS ************************************									
** 11/25/2003	IF REQUIRED, FOREIGN FILING LICENSE GRANTED ** 11/25/2003								
Foreign Priority claimed 35 USC 119 (a-d) conditions met Verified and Acknowledged Exa	yes no no Met after Allowance Initialized	er tials	STATE OR  COUNTRY  KOREA,  REPUBLIC  OF	SHEETS DRAWIN 16		MS	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS 1		
ADDRESS 30593 HARNESS, DICKEY & PIERCE, P.L.C. P.O. BOX 8910 RESTON , VA 20195									
TITLE Novel gemini surfactar	nts and methods for pre	eparing m	nesoporous ma	aterials usir	g the same	•			
3		, - <u></u>			All Fees				

### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. A gemini surfactant represented by the following
formula (1):

$$R^{3}R^{2}R^{1}NX - (CH_{2})n - (O)_{j} - S_{i} = \begin{cases} O - S_{i} \\ I \end{cases} - (O)_{j} - (CH_{2})n - XNR^{1}R^{2}R^{3}$$
(1)

wherein each of  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  is independently methyl or ethyl group,  $R^3$  is an alkyl group having 5 to 40 carbon atoms, X is a halogen atom, each of r is independently a hydrogen atom, methyl group or an alkoxy group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, j is 0 or 1, m is an integer of from 0 to 10, and n is an integer of from 1 to 12.

2. A method of preparing the gemini surfactant according to claim 1, the method comprising the steps of:

mixing a compound represented by the following formula (2):

$$X - (CH_{1})n - (O)_{j} - Si + O - Si + O - Si - (O)_{j} - (CH_{1})n - X$$
(2)

wherein X is a halogen atom, each of r is independently a hydrogen atom, methyl group or an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, j is 0 or 1, m is an integer of from 0 to 10 and n is an integer of from 1 to 12, and a compound represented by the following formula (3):

## $R^3R^2R^1N \qquad (3)$

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wherein each of  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  is independently methyl or ethyl group, and  $R^3$  is an alkyl group having 5 to 40 carbon atoms, in a molar ratio of 1:2~1:3; and

reacting the mixture in ethanol, acetonitrile, or toluene as a solvent at  $30{\sim}120\,\mathrm{C}$  for  $1{\sim}100$  hours.

- 3. A method for preparing a mesoporous material using the gemini surfactant according to claim 1 as a structure-directing agent.
- 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the mesoporous material is prepared through the following steps:
- (A) mixing an aqueous solution of the gemini surfactant with a precursor;
  - (B) adjusting pH of the mixture of step (A) using an acid or base;
    - (C) hydrothermally reacting the mixture of step (B);
- (D) filtering, washing and drying the material obtained
  from step (C); and
  - (E) calcining the material obtained from the step (D).
  - 5. The method according to claim 4, wherein in step (A) the aqueous solution is a basic solution containing  $0.1\sim5.0\%$  by weight of the gemini surfactant and  $0.5\sim2.0\%$  by weight of a

strong base, or an acidic solution containing 0.1~5.0% by eight of the gemini surfactant and 0.5~2.0% by weight of a strong acid.

6. The method according to claim 4, wherein in step (A) the precursor is one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of compounds represented by the following formulas (4) to (6):

$$R^{4}{}_{j}R^{5}{}_{k}MY_{4-j-k} \qquad (4);$$

$$R^{4}{}_{h}R^{5}{}_{p}Y_{3-h-p}M-Q-MY_{3-h-p}R^{4}{}_{h}R^{5}{}_{p} \qquad (5); \text{ and}$$

$$M' (Y)_{3} \qquad (6),$$

wherein each of  $R^4$  and  $R^5$  is independently an alkyl group having 1 to 10 carbon atoms, Y is an alkoxy group having 1 to 5 carbon atoms, M is Si or Ti atom, M' is Al atom, Q is an alkylene group having 1 to 15 carbon atoms, or an arylene, an alkylarylene or an arylalkylene group, having 6 to 40 carbon atoms, each of j and k is independently an integer of from 0 to 3 provided that  $0 \le j + k \le 3$ , and each of h and p is independently an integer of from 0 to 2 provided that  $0 \le h + p \le 2$ .

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein the precursor is mixed in an amount of 1 to 100 moles per 1 mole of the gemini surfactant.

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- 8. The method according to claim 4, wherein in step (C) the hydrothermal reaction is processed at  $60\sim150\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  for 1 to 144 hours.
- 9. The method according to claim 4, wherein in step (D) the material obtained form step (C) is filtered, washed 2 to 5 times using distilled water, and dried at 50~200°C for 3 to 30 hours.
- 10. The method according to claim 4, wherein in step (E) the material obtained from step (D) is calcined at  $400\sim600\,^{\circ}$ C under nitrogen atmosphere for 0.5~30 hours.
- 11. The method according to claim 3, wherein the
  15 mesoporous material is prepared in the form of thin film
  through the following steps:

dissolving the gemini surfactant in a solvent selected form the group consisting of aromatic hydrocarbons, ketons, ethers, alcohols and mixtures thereof;

mixing a precursor aqueous solution to the solution; coating the resulting solution to form a thin film; and drying and calcining the thin film.



# EIC17000

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the EIC searcher or contact:

Kathleen Fuller, EIC 1700 Team Leader 571/272-2505 REMSEN 4B28

Voluntary Results Feedback Form
<ul> <li>I am an examiner in Workgroup: Example: 1713</li> <li>Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:</li> </ul>
102 rejection
103 rejection
Cited as being of interest.
Helped examiner better understand the invention.
Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.
Types of relevant prior art found:
Foreign Patent(s)
<ul> <li>Non-Patent Literature         (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.)     </li> </ul>
Relevant prior art not found:
Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).
Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.
Comments:

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L2

L20

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:04:21 ON 07 APR 2006)
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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:04:44 ON 07 APR 2006
E US20040138087/PN
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1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US2004138087/PN SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:05:51 ON 07 APR 2006

L3 9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (11099-06-2/BI OR 112-75-4/BI OR 124-28-7/BI OR 2362-10-9/BI OR 663231-74-1/BI OR 663231-81-0/BI OR 663231-86-5/BI OR 663231-92-3/BI OR 663231-98-9/BI)

FILE 'LREGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:37:02 ON 07 APR 2006

L11 STRUCTURE L16 STRUCTURE

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:29:25 ON 07 APR 2006

L17 8 SEA SSS SAM L11 AND L16 L18 704 SEA SSS FUL L11 AND L16 SAV L18 BOY823/A

L19 233 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 112-75-4/CRN OR 124-28-7/CRN

21 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON 2362-10-9/CRN OR 663231-81-0/CRN OR 663231-92-3/CRN

L21 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND L20

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:51:37 ON 07 APR 2006

L22 5248 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3

L23 363 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 L24 1142 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND

L24 1142 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? L25 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? AND GEMINI (2A)

3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? AND GEMINI (2A) SURFACT?

L26 16 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? AND SURFACE ACTIVE/SC,SX

L27 100 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND ?SILOXAN? L28 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND ?SILOXAN?

0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND ?SILOXAN? AND GEMINI (2A)

SURFACT?

L29 12 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND ?SILOXAN? AND SURFACT?

L30 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND ?SILOXAN? AND GEMINI

L31 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? AND GEMINI L32 30 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 OR L26 OR L29 OR L31

L32 30 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 OR L26 OR L29 OR L31 L33 29 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND (1840-2003)/PRY,PY

=> file reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:11:24 ON 07 APR 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

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L3 9 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (11099-06-2/BI OR 112-75-4/BI OR 124-28-7/BI OR 2362-10-9/BI OR 663231-74-1 /BI OR 663231-81-0/BI OR 663231-86-5/BI OR 663231-92-3/BI OR 663231-98-9/BI)

L11 STR

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NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 1

CONNECT IS E3 RC AT 3

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 3

CONNECT IS E1 RC AT 4

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

ECOUNT IS M1-X2 C AT 1

ECOUNT IS M1-X2 C AT 3
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED
NUMBER OF NODES IS 4

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L16 STR

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 1
NSPEC IS RC AT 2
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 3

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

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L18	704	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L11 AND L16
L22	5248	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L3
L23	363	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L18
L25	3	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? AND
		GEMINI (2A) SURFACT?
L26	16	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? AND
		SURFACE ACTIVE/SC,SX
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L31	3	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L22 AND ?SILOXAN? AND
		GEMINI
L32	30	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L25 OR L26 OR L29 OR
		L31
L33	29	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L32 AND (1840-2003)/PRY,
		PY

=> file hcaplus FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:11:35 ON 07 APR 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.
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=> d 133 1-29 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:611026 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:117179

TITLE: Liquid laundry detergent compositions capable of

improving handle after washing

INVENTOR(S): Toda, Masayuki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lion Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005187502	A2	20050714	JP 2003-427026	
				200312
				24

24

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-427026

200312

24

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:117179

AB The compns. comprise (A) nonionic surfactants, (B) tertiary amines having C8-28 hydrocarbon groups, which may be substituted or have linking group in the chain, and/or their salts, and (C) epoxy-contg. silicones in the wt. ratio of B/C 1-100 and show pH 4-8. Thus, an aq. compn. contg. BzONa 0.5, trisodium citrate 0.2, p-toluenesulfonic acid 5.0, dibutylhydroxytoluene 0.03, perfume 0.2, isothiazolone liq. 0.01, Acid Red 138 0.0003, polystyrene emulsion 0.2, C13H27O(EO)15H 20, C17H35CONH(CH2)3NMe2 1.2, and epoxy-polyether-modified di-Me polysiloxane (SF 8421) 0.2% at pH 7 showed good cleaning power and handle of garments washed with it.

IT **124-28-7**, Armeen DM 18D

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (liq. laundry detergent compns. with good cleaning power and softening effect)

RN 124-28-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Octadecanamine, N, N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Me_2N^-(CH_2)_{17}^-Me$ 

IC ICM C11D003-30

ICS C11D001-66; C11D003-37; C11D017-08

CC 46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)

IT Polysiloxanes, uses

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (di-Me, epoxy-terminated, BY 16-855D; liq. laundry detergent compns. with good cleaning power and softening effect)

IT Polysiloxanes, uses

```
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (di-Me, glycidylalkyl Me, hydroxyethyl Me, ethoxylated, SF 8421;
         liq. laundry detergent compns. with good cleaning power and
         softening effect)
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (epoxy, SF 8411; liq. laundry detergent compns. with good
         cleaning power and softening effect)
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (polyoxyalkylene-; liq. laundry detergent compns. with good
         cleaning power and softening effect)
     Epoxy resins, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (polysiloxane-, SF 8411; liq. laundry detergent compns.
         with good cleaning power and softening effect)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (polysiloxane-; liq. laundry detergent compns. with
         good cleaning power and softening effect)
     75-21-8D, Oxirane, polymers with di-Me glycidylalkyl Me hydroxyethyl Me siloxanes 112-69-6, Armeen DM 16D 124-28-7,
     Armeen DM 18D 25322-68-3D, Polyethylene glycol, monoalkyl ethers,
     optionally esters
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (liq. laundry detergent compns. with good cleaning power and
         softening effect)
L33 ANSWER 2 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                           2004:681491 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                           141:194942
                           Preparation of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
TITLE:
                           polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair
                           preparations
INVENTOR(S):
                         Lange, Horst; Wagner, Roland; Kropfgans, Martin;
                           Musiol, Sabine
                           GE Bayer Silicones GmbH & Co. KG, Germany
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                           PCT Int. Appl., 116 pp.
                           CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                           Patent
LANGUAGE:
                           German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                           KIND DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                           ----
                                  ------
     WO 2004069137
                           A2
                                   20040819
                                             WO 2004-EP50091
                                                                         200402
                                 20041021
     WO 2004069137
                           A3
              AE, AE, AG, AL, AL, AM, AM, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BG, BR, BR, BW, BY, BY, BZ, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CN, CO, CO,
              CR, CR, CU, CU, CZ, CZ, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EC, EE, EE, EG,
              ES, ES, FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GE, GH, GM, HR, HR, HU, HU, ID,
              IL, IN, IS, JP, JP, KE, KE, KG, KG, KP, KP, KP, KR, KR, KZ,
         KZ, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MX, MZ, MZ, NA, NI, NI, NO
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT,
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TT

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BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,

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CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     DE 10304923
                          A1
                                20040826
                                             DE 2003-10304923
                                                                     200302
                                                                     07
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             DE 2003-10304923
                                                                     200302
                                                                     07
                                             DE 2003-10333375
                                                                     200307
                                                                     23
                                                  <--
AB
     The invention relates to the use of linear or cross-linked polyamino
     and/or polyammonium-polysiloxane copolymers comprising
     repeater units of formula: -[Q-V] - in the prodn. and/or treatment of
     dyed hair in addn. to compns. for the prodn. and/or treatment of
     dyed hair. The copolymers are used before, during or after hair
     dying; alos hair gels, styling products, and sprays are prepd. Thus
     PAR1 was prepd. from N,N, N',N'-tetramethyl-1,6-hexane diamine and
     Jeffamin ED 600 and stored as an aq. emulsion. A 43.5% of the
     prepd. silicone-contq. compn. was used in a hair shampoo as a 4.6
     wt./wt.% component; other ingredients were (wt./wt.%): ammonium
     lauryl sulfate (26%) 24; ammonium laureth sulfate (28%) 14.3;
     cocoamidopropyl betaine (35%) 11.43; polyquaternium-10 0.5; water
     54.17.
     740839-04-7P
TT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-polysiloxane
        copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
     740839-04-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     1,6-Hexanediamine, N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-, polymer with
CN
     \alpha-[dimethyl[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]-\omega-
     [[dimethyl[3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl]silyl]oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsily
     lene)] and methyloxirane polymer with oxirane bis(2-aminopropyl)
     ether, acetate (salt) dodecanoate (salt), compd. with
     N, N-dimethylmethanamine (9CI) . (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 143-07-7
     CMF C12 H24 O2
HO_2C^-(CH_2)_{10}^-Me
          2
     CM
     CRN
          75-50-3
     CMF
          C3 H9 N
    CH<sub>3</sub>
H3C-N-CH3
     CM
          3
```

CRN 64-19-7 CMF C2 H4 O2

CM

CRN 398137-95-6

(C10 H24 N2 . C3 H9 N O . 1/2 (C3 H6 O . C2 H4 O)x . (C2 H6 O

Si)n C16 H34 O5 Si2)x

CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 130167-23-6

CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C16 H34 O5 Si2

CCI PMS

CM 6

CRN 111-18-2 CMF C10 H24 N2

 $Me_2N-(CH_2)_6-NMe_2$ 

7 CM

CRN 65605-36-9

CMF C3 H9 N O . 1/2 (C3 H6 O . C2 H4 O)  $\times$ 

СM

CRN 6168-72-5

CMF C3 H9 N O

NH<sub>2</sub> H<sub>3</sub>C-СH-СH<sub>2</sub>-ОН

> CM 9

```
CRN
                    9003-11-6
               CMF
                    (C3 H6 O . C2 H4 O)x
               CCI
                    PMS
                    CM
                         10
                    CRN
                         75-56-9
                    CMF
                        C3 H6 O
     CH<sub>3</sub>
                    CM
                         11
                    CRN
                         75-21-8
                    CMF
                        C2 H4 O
IC
     ICM A61K
CC
     62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 38
     polyamino polyammonium polysiloxane copolymer hair prepn
ΙT
     Alcohols, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (C16-18, ethoxylated; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Coacervation
        (agents; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
ΙT
     Surfactants
        (amphoteric; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
ΙT
     Surfactants
        (anionic; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Surfactants
        (cationic; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
ΙT
        (conditioners; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Hair preparations
        (dyes, oxidative; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Hair preparations
        (dyes; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Hair preparations
        (fixatives; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Hair preparations
        (gels, styling; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
```

ST

Surfactants

```
(nonionic; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Buffers
     Hair preparations
     Shampoos
     Solvents
     Thickening agents
        (prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-polysiloxane
        copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-polysiloxane
        copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
     Polymers, biological studies
TΤ
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-polysiloxane
        copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
IT
     Hair preparations
        (sprays; prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-
        polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
     36574-66-0D, N-coco acyl derivs.
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Cocoamidopropyl betaine; prepn. of polyamino and/or
        polyammonium-polysiloxane copolymers and use in hair
        prepns.)
     2235-54-3, Ammonium lauryl sulfate 32612-48-9, Ammonium laureth sulfate 36653-82-4, Cetyl alcohol 65497-29-2, Guar
IT
     hydroxypropyltrimonium chloride 81859-24-7, Polyquaternium-10
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-polysiloxane
        copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
     608530-63-8P 609340-85-4P 740815-32-1P 740839-04-7P
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of polyamino and/or polyammonium-polysiloxane
        copolymers and use in hair prepns.)
L33 ANSWER 3 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                          2004:473374 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          141:24869
                          Composition for preparing porous dielectric thin
TITLE:
                          films, and film formation
                          Lyu, Yi Yeol; Lee, Kwang Hee; Kim, Ji Man;
INVENTOR(S):
                          Chang, Seok; Yim, Jin Heong; Park, Jae Geun
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          S. Korea
SOURCE:
                          U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 15 pp.
                          CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
                          English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
     ______
                          _ _ _ _
                                 20040610
                                              US 2003-724732
     US 2004110854
                           A1
                                                                      200312
                                                                      02
                                                   e--
                                              EP 2003-257179
     EP 1435369
                           A1
                                 20040707
                                                                      200311
```

13

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU,

CN 1511881

CN 2003-10124819 20040714

200312

03

JP 2004200673

**A2** 20040715 JP 2003-404319

200312

03

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

<--KR 2002-76275

e--

200212

03

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:24869

The compn. for prepg. porous dielec. thin films contains pore-generating material of gemini detergent, and/or a quaternary alkyl ammonium salt, their mixts. optionally a cyclodextrin deriv., a thermo-stable org. or inorg. matrix precursor, and solvent for dissolving the 2 solid components. Also, an interlayer insulating film having good mech. properties such as hardness, modulus and hydroscopicity is required for semiconductor devices. A porogen could be prepd. by condensing 100 mL acetonitrile soln. of 10.0 g bis(chloromethyl)

tetramethyldisiloxane (A), and 21.4 g

tetradecyldimethylamine (B) at A:B mole ratio 1:2.05 heated at 82°, for 24 h.

IT 663231-74-1 663231-86-5

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (porogen; porogen compn. for prepg. porous dielec. thin films for semiconductor devices)

RN663231-74-1 HCAPLUS

1-Tetradecanaminium, N,N'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-CN disiloxanediyl)bis(methylene)]bis[N,N-dimethyl-, dichloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Cl-

RN663231-86-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4,6,8,10-Tetraoxa-14-azonia-5,7,9-trisiladotriacontan-1-aminium, N,N,5,5,7,7,9,9,14,14-decamethyl-N-octadecyl-, dibromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### 2 Br-

```
ICM C08J009-00
IC
INCL 521082000; 521084100; 521086000
    38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
    Section cross-reference(s): 76
    gemini surfactant porogen dielec thin film;
     quaternary ammonium salt porogen dielec thin film; semiconductor
    insulator dielec thin film
IT
    Polysiloxanes, uses
    Quaternary ammonium compounds, uses
    Silsesquioxanes
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (porogen; porogen compn. for prepg. porous dielec. thin films for
        semiconductor devices)
IT
    2554-06-5, 2,4,6,8-Tetramethyl-2,4,6,8-
     tetravinylcyclotetrasiloxane 10025-78-2, Trichlorosilane
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (porogen compn. for prepg. porous dielec. thin films for
        semiconductor devices)
ΙT
     64-20-0, Tetramethylammonium bromide
                                          71-91-0, Tetraethylammonium
               866-97-7, Tetrapentylammonium bromide
                                                      1643-19-2.
    Tetrabutylammonium bromide 1941-30-6, Tetrapropylammonium bromide
    2390-68-3, Didecyldimethylammonium bromide 3026-69-5,
    Dioctyldimethylammonium bromide
                                     4328-13-6, Tetrahexylammonium
              4368-51-8, Tetraheptylammonium bromide
                                                      14866-33-2,
    Tetraoctylammonium bromide
                                 20109-38-0, Diethyldimethylammonium
             52509-52-1 55216-11-0 63462-99-7,
    bromide
    Tetraoctadecylammonium bromide
                                    115984-63-9,
    Dibutyldimethylammonium bromide
                                     139653-55-7
    Tetrahexadecylammonium bromide
                                     187731-22-2,
    Diheptyldimethylammonium bromide 214596-44-8,
    Dihexyldimethylammonium bromide 663231-74-1
                  700380-89-8
     663231-86-5
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (porogen; porogen compn. for prepg. porous dielec. thin films for
        semiconductor devices)
```

L33 ANSWER 4 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:181803 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:201475

TITLE: Gemini surfactants and

method for preparing mesoporous materials

INVENTOR(S): Lyu, Yi Yeol; Chang, Seok; Park, Jae Geun; Kim,

Ji Man

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent no.	KII	ND DATE		APPLICAT	ION NO.		DATE
EP	1394165	A:	L 2004	0303 1	EP 2003-	255188		200308
EP	1394165				< <del>-</del> -			
	R: AT, BI PT, II SK	E, CH, DE E, SI, LT						
JP	2004090000	A:	2 2004	0325	JP 2003-	302316		200308 27
CN	1486780	А	2004	0407	< CN 2003-	155333		200308
US	2004138087	A	L 2004	0715 t	> US 2003-	649823		200308
PRIORIT	Y APPLN. IN	FO.:		1	< KR 2002-	51065	A	28
					<			200208 28
				1	KR 2002-	71571	A	200211 18
					<			

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:201475

Disclosed herein are a siloxane-based gemini surfactant and a method for prepg. a mesoporous material using the **gemini surfactant**. The method for prepg. a mesoporous material uses the novel **gemini** surfactant as a structure-directing agent to provide a mesoporous material has a pore size of 10 nm or less with uniform pore size distribution.

11099-06-2P, TEOS homopolymer

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (gemini surfactants and method for prepg.

mesoporous materials)

11099-06-2 HCAPLUS RN

Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

CM 1

CRN 1343-98-2 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

СМ 2

CRN 64-17-5 CMF C2 H6 O  ${
m H}_3{
m C}-{
m CH}_2-{
m OH}$ 

IT 112-75-4, Tetradecyldimethylamine 124-28-7,
 Octadecyldimethylamine 2362-10-9 663231-81-0
663231-92-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (gemini surfactants and method for prepg.
 mesoporous materials)

RN 112-75-4 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Tetradecanamine, N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Me_2N-(CH_2)_{13}-Me$ 

RN 124-28-7 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Octadecanamine, N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Me_2N^-(CH_2)_{17}^-Me$ 

RN 2362-10-9 HCAPLUS

CN Disiloxane, 1,3-bis(chloromethyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyl- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 663231-81-0 HCAPLUS

CN Trisiloxane, 1,5-bis(3-bromopropoxy)-1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 663231-92-3 HCAPLUS

CN Trisiloxane, 1,5-bis(2-bromoethoxy)-1,1,3,3,5,5-hexamethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 663231-74-1P 663231-86-5P 663231-98-9P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered

Ross Shipe EIC 1700 Remsen 4B31 571/272-6018

material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (surfactant; gemini surfactants and
 method for prepg. mesoporous materials)

RN 663231-74-1 HCAPLUS

CN

1-Tetradecanaminium, N,N'-[(1,1,3,3-tetramethyl-1,3-disiloxanediyl)bis(methylene)]bis[<math>N,N-dimethyl-, dichloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### ●2 Cl-

RN 663231-86-5 HCAPLUS

CN 4,6,8,10-Tetraoxa-14-azonia-5,7,9-trisiladotriacontan-1-aminium, N,N,5,5,7,7,9,9,14,14-decamethyl-N-octadecyl-, dibromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

### ●2 Br -

RN 663231-98-9 HCAPLUS

CN 3,5,7,9-Tetraoxa-12-azonia-4,6,8-trisilatriacontan-1-aminium, N,N,4,4,6,6,8,8,12,12-decamethyl-N-octadecyl-, dibromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●2 Br

PAGE 1-B

```
ICM C07F007-08
IC
     46-1 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
ST
     siloxane gemini surfactant mesoporous
    material
IT
     Surfactants
        (gemini; gemini surfactants and
       method for prepg. mesoporous materials)
     Porous materials
IT
        (mesoporous; gemini surfactants and method
        for prepg. mesoporous materials)
IT
     11099-06-2P, TEOS homopolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (gemini surfactants and method for prepg.
        mesoporous materials)
     112-75-4, Tetradecyldimethylamine 124-28-7,
     Octadecyldimethylamine 2362-10-9 663231-81-0
     663231-92-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (gemini surfactants and method for prepg.
        mesoporous materials)
IT
     663231-74-1P 663231-86-5P 663231-98-9P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (surfactant; gemini surfactants and
       method for prepg. mesoporous materials)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                              THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                              THE RE FORMAT
L33 ANSWER 5 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:1007095 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:43790
TITLE:
                        Silicone emulsion enzyme systems, multiphase
                        systems, and detergent use
                        Becker, Nathaniel T.; Brecht, Doris Jean;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Christiano, Steven Patrick; Elms, Russel Allen;
                         Feng, Qian Jane; Hayes, Keith Quentin, II; Heng,
                        Meng H.; Mazeaud, Isabelle; Severance, Martin
                         Kent
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Dow Corning Corporation, USA; Genencor
                         International, Inc.
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         English
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                        KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                              -----
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     WO 2003106607
                        A1
                               20031224 WO 2003-US18943
                                                                  200306
                                                                  17
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W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
               CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,
                SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA,
                ZM, ZW
           RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
                NE, SN, TD, TG
      AU 2003276412
                                A1
                                        20031231
                                                      AU 2003-276412
                                                                                    200306
                                                                                    17
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                       US 2002-389655P
                                                                                    200206
                                                                                    17
                                                             <--
                                                       WO 2003-US18943
                                                                                    200306
                                                                                    17
      The silicone materials are used to form an emulsion to protect
AB
      active ingredients such as granular enzymes in liq. formulations
      during storage. A multiple-emulsion enzyme system comprises an
      inner aq. phase contg. an enzyme, an outer phase of a silicone
      fluid, a continuous phase surrounding the outer phase, and
      surfactants. Also, a suspension-emulsion enzyme system comprises a
      silicone fluid contg. a solid enzyme dispersion without an aq. soln.
      intervening between the enzyme and the silicone fluid, dispersing
      agent that disperses the enzyme in the silicone fluid, a continuous
      phase surrounding the silicone fluid, and a silicone surfactant.
IT
      11099-06-2
      RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
          (silicone emulsion encapsulated enzyme systems for detergent use)
      11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
      Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
      CM
            1
      CRN
            1343-98-2
      CMF
            Unspecified
      CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
      CM
      CRN 64-17-5
      CMF C2 H6 O
{\rm H_3C-CH_2-OH}
IC
      ICM C11D001-66
      ICS C11D003-20; C11D003-43; C11D003-44; C11D003-37
CC
      46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
IT
      Polysiloxanes, uses
      RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
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```
(polyoxyalkylene-; silicone emulsion encapsulated enzyme systems
        for detergent use)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polysiloxane-; silicone emulsion encapsulated enzyme
        systems for detergent use)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (propoxylated, encapsulant/coating; silicone emulsion
        encapsulated enzyme systems for detergent use)
     9000-92-4, Amylase 9001-05-2, Catalase 9001-62-1, Lipase 9003-11-6D, vinyl-terminated 9003-99-0, Peroxidase 9012-9
IT
     Cellulase 9014-01-1, Subtilisin 9032-75-1, Pectinase
     11099-06-2
                  31692-79-2 31900-57-9D, trimethylsilyl-
     terminated 42613-30-9, Ligninase 59942-04-0D, polymer with
     polysiloxane 60748-69-8, Mannanase 156118-35-3D, trimethylsilyl-terminated 179128-52-0
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (silicone emulsion encapsulated enzyme systems for detergent use)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                          4
                                THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                                THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                                THE RE FORMAT
L33 ANSWER 6 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2003:460528 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          139:41418
TITLE:
                          Hair cosmetics containing polysiloxane
                          -polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
                          acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers
INVENTOR(S):
                          Omura, Takayuki; Shida, Tomotaka; Nanba,
                          Tomiyuki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Shiseido Co., Ltd., Japan
                          Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.
SOURCE:
                          CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
     _____
                          ----
     JP 2003171245
                       A2
                                 20030617
                                           JP 2001-369628
                                                                      200112
                                                                      04
     JP 3701233
                          B2
                                 20050928
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             JP 2001-369628
                                                                      200112
     The cosmetics contain (a) amphoteric polyurethanes having side
     chains contg. units from R1C(R2OH)(R3OH)R4OR5SiR6R7(OSiR8R9)mR10 (I;
```

The cosmetics contain (a) amphoteric polyurethanes having side chains contg. units from R1C(R2OH)(R3OH)R4OR5SiR6R7(OSiR8R9)mR10 (I; R1 = C1-24 alkyl; R2-R4 = C1-3 alkylene; R5 = C3-5 alkylene; R6-R9 = C1-20 alkyl; R10 = Me, Et; m = 1-200) and/or polysiloxanes supported on amphoteric polyurethanes and (b) composites of amphoteric and/or semipolar surfactants with higher fatty acids and/or (c) alkyl-modified carboxyvinyl polymers. The cosmetics show good hair-setting effect and provide natural hair texture. A styling mousse was prepd. from octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane 10.0, di-Me polysiloxane 5.0, isostearic acid EX 0.8, propylene glycol

```
3.0, Lebon 2000 2.0, IPDI-polyester polyol-I (R1 = Et, R2-R4 = CH2,
     R5 = C3H6, R6-R10 = Me)-dimethylolbutanoic acid-N-
     methyldiethanolamine copolymer Et3N salt dispersion 10.0, Et0H 10.0,
     H2O to 100 wt.%, and propellants.
     541548-50-9P 541548-51-0P 541548-53-2P
ΙT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (comprised of actual and assumed monomers; hair cosmetics contg.
        polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
        acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
     541548-50-9 HCAPLUS
RN
     Hexanedioic acid, polymer with bis(hydroxymethyl)butanoic acid,
CN
     \alpha-[[3-[2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)butoxy]propyl]dimethylsilyl]-
     \omega-[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)],
     1,6-hexanediol, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-
     trimethylcyclohexane and 2,2'-(methylimino)bis[ethanol], block,
     graft, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Et
Et-N-Et
     CM
          2
          390756-44-2
     CRN
          (C12 H18 N2 O2 . C6 H14 O2 . C6 H12 O4 . C6 H10 O4 . C5 H13 N
     CMF
          O2 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C14 H34 O4 Si2)x
     CCI
          PMS
               3
          CM
              128147-46-6
          CRN
               (C2 H6 O Si)n C14 H34 O4 Si2
          CMF
          CCI
                         Me CH2-OH | Si-(CH2)3-O-CH2-C-Et
          CM
```

56743-27-2

C6 H12 O4

IDS

CRN CMF

CCI

$$^{\rm O}_{\parallel}$$
  $^{\rm HO-C-CH}_{2}$ -  $^{\rm CH}_{2}$ -  $^{\rm CH}_{2}$ -  $^{\rm CH}_{3}$ 

CM 5

CRN 4098-71-9 CMF C12 H18 N2 O2

CM 6

CRN 629-11-8 CMF C6 H14 O2

$$HO-(CH_2)_6-OH$$

CM 7

CRN 124-04-9 CMF C6 H10 O4

$$HO_2C-(CH_2)_4-CO_2H$$

CM 8

CRN 105-59-9 CMF C5 H13 N O2

$$\begin{tabular}{lllll} & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & &$$

RN 541548-51-0 HCAPLUS CN Hexanedioic acid, po

Hexanedioic acid, polymer with bis(hydroxymethyl)butanoic acid,  $\alpha$ -[[3-[[2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)undecyl]oxy]propyl]dimethylsilyl]- $\omega$ -[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)],

1,6-hexanediol, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane and 2,2'-(methylimino)bis[ethanol], block, graft, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

Et | Et- N- Et

CM 2

CRN 390756-46-4
CMF (C12 H18 N2 O2 . C6 H14 O2 . C6 H12 O4 . C6 H10 O4 . C5 H13 N O2 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C21 H48 O4 Si2)x
CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 390756-45-3 CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C21 H48 O4 Si2 CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 56743-27-2 CMF C6 H12 O4 CCI IDS

CM 5

CRN 4098-71-9 CMF C12 H18 N2 O2

CM 6

CRN 629-11-8 CMF C6 H14 O2

 $HO-(CH_2)_6-OH$ 

CM 7

CRN 124-04-9 CMF C6 H10 O4

 $HO_2C^-$  (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub> - CO<sub>2</sub>H

CM 8

CRN 105-59-9 CMF C5 H13 N O2

$$\begin{array}{c} & \text{Me} \\ | \\ \text{HO-} \ \text{CH}_2\text{--} \ \text{CH}_2\text{--} \ \text{N--} \ \text{CH}_2\text{--} \ \text{CH}_2\text{--} \ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

RN 541548-53-2 HCAPLUS CN Hexanedioic acid, pol

Hexanedioic acid, polymer with bis(hydroxymethyl)butanoic acid,  $\alpha\text{-}[[3\text{-}[2,2\text{-}bis(hydroxymethyl)butoxy]propyl]dimethylsilyl]-}\omega\text{-}[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)], 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol, 1,6-hexanediol, 5-isocyanato-1-(isocyanatomethyl)-1,3,3-trimethylcyclohexane and 2,2'-(methylimino)bis[ethanol], compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)$ 

CM 1

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

Et | | Et-N-Et

CM 2

CRN 541548-52-1

(C12 H18 N2 O2 . C6 H14 O3 . C6 H14 O2 . C6 H12 O4 . C6 H10 O4 . C5 H13 N O2 . (C2 H6 O Si)n C14 H34 O4 Si2)x

CCI

CM 3

CRN 128147-46-6

CMF (C2 H6 O Si)n C14 H34 O4 Si2

CCI PMS

CM

CRN 56743-27-2

CMF C6 H12 O4

CCI IDS

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{HO- C- CH}_2\text{- CH}_2\text{- CH}_3\end{array}$$

CM 5

CRN 4098-71-9 CMF C12 H18 N2 O2

CM 6

CRN 629-11-8 CMF C6 H14 O2

 $HO-(CH_2)_6-OH$ 

```
CM 7
```

CRN 124-04-9 CMF C6 H10 O4

 $HO_2C-(CH_2)_4-CO_2H$ 

CM 8

CRN 105-59-9 CMF C5 H13 N O2

Ме 
$$|$$
 но—  $\mathrm{CH_2}-\mathrm{CH_2}-\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{CH_2}-\mathrm{CH_2}-\mathrm{OH}$ 

CM 9

CRN 77-99-6 CMF C6 H14 O3

$$_{\rm HO-\,CH_2-\,C-\,Et}^{\rm CH_2-\,OH}$$

IC ICM A61K007-11

CC 62-3 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)

ST hair cosmetic polysiloxane polyurethane amphoteric surfactant; semipolar surfactant polysiloxane polyurethane hair cosmetic; fatty acid surfactant composite hair cosmetic; carboxyvinyl polymer polysiloxane polyurethane hair cosmetic

Polysiloxanes, biological studies
RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(alkyl Me, di-Me, KF 412, supported on polyurethane; hair
cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
polymers)

IT Surfactants

ΙT

(amphoteric; hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane
-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty acid composites or
carboxyvinyl polymers)

IT Vinyl compounds, biological studies

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (carboxy-contg., polymers, alkyl-modified; hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)

IT Betaines

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (coco alkyldimethyl, Dehyton AB 30, surfactant; hair

```
cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, Me Ph, SH 556, supported on polyurethane; hair cosmetics
        contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
TT
     Hair preparations
        (hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
TT
     Fatty acids, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (long-chain; hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane
        -polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty acid composites or
        carboxyvinyl polymers)
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyamine-polyester-polyurethane-, block, graft; hair cosmetics
        contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
     Polyurethanes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyamine-polyoxyalkylene-, block; hair cosmetics contg.
        polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
        acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
IT
     Polyurethanes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyamine-polysiloxane-polyester-, block, graft; hair
        cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
TT
     Polyesters, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyamine-polysiloxane-polyurethane-, block, graft;
        hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyamine-polyurethane-, block; hair cosmetics contg.
        polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
        acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
TТ
     Polyamines
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyester-polysiloxane-polyurethane-, block, graft;
        hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polyether-, supported on polyurethane; hair cosmetics contg.
```

```
polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
        acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkylene-, supported on polyurethane; hair cosmetics
        contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
IT
     Polyamines
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkylene-polyurethane-, block; hair cosmetics contg.
        polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
        acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
IT
     Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polysiloxane-, supported on polyurethane; hair
        cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
IT
     Surfactants
        (semipolar; hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane
        -polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty acid composites or
        carboxyvinyl polymers)
     Polyethers, biological studies
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (siloxane-, supported on polyurethane; hair cosmetics
        contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (supported on polyurethane; hair cosmetics contg.
        polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
        acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
IT
     31900-57-9
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (assumed monomers, supported on polyurethane; hair cosmetics
        contq. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
IT
     541548-50-9P 541548-51-0P 541548-53-2P
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (comprised of actual and assumed monomers; hair cosmetics contg.
        polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
        acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
     57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies
IT
                                                  112-80-1, Oleic acid,
     biological studies
                        30399-84-9, Isostearic acid
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
TT
     99550-86-4P, KF 851
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
     (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane-polyurethanes and
        surfactant-fatty acid composites or carboxyvinyl
        polymers)
IT
     541548-54-3P
                    541548-55-4P
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
```

```
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (siloxanes supported on; hair cosmetics contg.
       polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
       acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
     541-02-6, SH 245 9016-00-6, SH 200C
IT
    RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (supported on polyurethane; hair cosmetics contq.
       polysiloxane-polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty
       acid composites or carboxyvinyl polymers)
     683-10-3, Anon BL 820-66-6, Stearyldimethylbetaine
IT
                                                           1643-20-5.
    Unisafe A-LM 26837-33-2, Obazoline 662N 42852-72-2, Softazoline
    LHL-SF 65931-48-8, Lonzaine CS 96827-24-6, Carbopol 1342
     100754-07-2, Lebon 2000 130810-32-1, Lonzaine 12CS
                                                          138789-85-2,
    Pemulen TR 1 145687-02-1, Pemulen TR 2 200415-15-2, Lebon 2000SF
     543729-50-6, Anon BDF 543729-81-3, Wondamine OX 100
    RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (surfactant; hair cosmetics contg. polysiloxane
        -polyurethanes and surfactant-fatty acid composites or
       carboxyvinyl polymers)
L33 ANSWER 7 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        2002:122503 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        136:168927
TITLE:
                        Production of polyquaternary ammonium
                        polysiloxanes and their use as washfast
                        hydrophilic softeners for textiles
                        Lange, Horst; Wagner, Roland; Witossek, Anita;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Stachulla, Karl-Heinz; Teuber, Siegfried;
                        Schnering, Albert; Moeller, Annette
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        GE Bayer Silicones GmbH & Co. KG, Germany
                        Ger. Offen., 10 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                        ----
                               -----
                                           ------
    DE 10036533
                        A1
                               20020214
                                           DE 2000-10036533
                                                                  200007
                                                                  27
    DE 10036533
                               20050203
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           DE 2000-10036533
                                                                  200007
```

AB Ionene-polysiloxanes having cyclic and(or) linear structures, useful as washfast softening agents for finishing textiles and as softening agents used with detergents, are manufd. by hydrosilylation of H(SiMe2O)nSiHMe2 with epoxides having terminal olefin groups at 50-150° in the presence of a catalyst and reaction of the product with a mixt. of a tertiary amine and a ditertiary amine in the presence of a HA acid at 40-120° and epoxide group-tertiary amine group-HA acid mol ratio 1:1:1.

IT 112-75-4DP, Dimethyltetradecylamine, ionene reaction products with epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary amines 124-28-7DP, Dimethyloctadecylamine,

ionene reaction products with epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary amines

```
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (prodn. of polyquaternary ammonium polysiloxanes and
        their use as washfast hydrophilic softeners for textiles)
     112-75-4 HCAPLUS
RN
     1-Tetradecanamine, N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
Me_2N-(CH_2)_{13}-Me
     124-28-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     1-Octadecanamine, N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Me_2N-(CH_2)_{17}-Me
IC
     ICM C08G077-46
         C08G077-54; C08L083-12; C08L083-14; C09D183-12; C09D183-14;
          C11D003-30; A61K007-06
     40-9 (Textiles and Fibers)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 46
ST
     ionene polysiloxane fabric softener; polysiloxane
     unsatd epoxide adduct tertiary amine reaction
     Fabric finishing
ΙT
        (agents; prodn. of polyquaternary ammonium polysiloxanes
        and their use as washfast hydrophilic softeners for textiles)
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (ionene-; prodn. of polyquaternary ammonium polysiloxanes
        and their use as washfast hydrophilic softeners for textiles)
IT
     Ionene polymers
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polysiloxane-; prodn. of polyquaternary ammonium
        polysiloxanes and their use as washfast hydrophilic
        softeners for textiles)
IT
     Fabric softeners
        (prodn. of polyquaternary ammonium polysiloxanes and
        their use as washfast hydrophilic softeners for textiles)
     Amines, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (tertiary, reaction products, ionene-type, with
        epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary
        amines; prodn. of polyquaternary ammonium polysiloxanes
        and their use as washfast hydrophilic softeners for textiles)
IT
     75-50-3DP, Trimethylamine, ionene reaction products with
     epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and
    'tetramethylhexanediamine, salts with dodecanoic acid
                                                             112-18-5DP.
     ionene reaction products with epoxide-terminated
     polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary amines
                                                  112-69-6DP,
     Dimethylhexadecylamine, ionene reaction products with
     epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary
     amines 112-75-4DP, Dimethyltetradecylamine, ionene
     reaction products with epoxide-terminated
     polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary amines
     124-28-7DP, Dimethyloctadecylamine, ionene reaction products
     with epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and
                        598-56-1DP, ionene reaction products with
     ditertiary amines
```

 ${\tt epoxide-terminated} \ {\tt polydimethylsiloxane} \ {\tt and} \ {\tt ditertiary}$ 926-63-6DP, Dimethylpropylamine, ionene reaction products with epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary amines 927-62-8DP, ionene reaction products with epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary 1120-24-7DP, Dimethyldecylamine, ionene reaction products with epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and 4385-04-0DP, ionene reaction products with ditertiary amines epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary 7378-99-6DP, Dimethyloctylamine, ionene reaction products with epoxide-terminated polydimethylsiloxane and ditertiary amines

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prodn. of polyquaternary ammonium polysiloxanes and their use as washfast hydrophilic softeners for textiles)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L33 ANSWER 8 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:10058 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:71567

TITLE:

Silicone based foam control compositions stable

in detergents

INVENTOR(S):

Elms, Russell Allen; Lin, Feifei; Severance,

Martin Kent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Dow Corning Corporation, USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	EP 1167502	A1	20020102	EP 2001-115428	200106
					27
				<	
	EP 1167502	B1	20040428		
	R: AT, BE, CH, PT, IE, SI,	•		GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC,
		•		AT 2001-115428	
	203320	2	20010323	5001 113120	200106 27
				<	
	JP 2002088397	A2	20020327	JP 2001-201081	
	,				200107 02
				<	
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-609656	200006 30

A silicone based foam control compn. with very low rates of AR creaming, stable in detergents (resistant to phenomenon such as coalescence, flocculation and aggregation) and capable of controlling excess foaming, comprises a silicone based antifoaming agent and a silica dispersed in a detergent compatible carrier

```
contg. an alkylpolyglycoside formulation, a linear alc. ethoxylate,
     a silicone polyether and water.
     11099-06-2, Ethyl polysilicate
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Silicate 45; silicone based foam control compns. stable in
        detergents)
     11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
RN
     Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CRN
         1343-98-2
     CMF Unspecified
     CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
     CRN 64-17-5
     CMF C2 H6 O
H<sub>3</sub>C- CH<sub>2</sub>- OH
IC
     ICM C11D003-00
     ICS B01D019-04; C11D001-825; C11D001-72; C11D003-37; C11D001-83
CC
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
ST
     polysiloxane antifoam compn detergent
IT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (polyether-; silicone based foam control compns. stable in
        detergents)
ΙT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (silicone based foam control compns. stable in detergents)
IT
     Polyethers, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (siloxane-; silicone based foam control compns. stable
        in detergents)
IT
     11099-06-2, Ethyl polysilicate
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (Silicate 45; silicone based foam control compns. stable in
IT
     9002-93-1, Triton X 405
                              9003-11-6D, vinyl-terminated,
                9016-00-6D, Polydimethylsiloxane, sru,
     siloxane-
     trimethylsilyl- or hydroxy-terminated 24938-91-8, Iconol TDA 10
     31900-57-9D, Polydimethylsiloxane, trimethylsilyl- or
     hydroxy-terminated 70536-25-3, Sipernat D17 156118-35-3D,
     trimethylsilyl-terminated, crosslinked, polyoxyalkylene-
     157478-91-6D, trimethylsilyl-terminated 163252-62-8D, trimethylsilyl-terminated 185402-72-6, Sipernat D13
     Glucopon 625FE
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
         (silicone based foam control compns. stable in detergents)
                                THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
REFERENCE COUNT:
                          4
                                THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                                THE RE FORMAT
```

L33 ANSWER 9 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:10022 HCAPLUS

```
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
```

136:71566

Silicone foam control compositions

Elms, Russell Allen; Servinski, Margaret Ann

Dow Corning Corporation, USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KINI	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE -
EP 1167456	A1	20020102	EP 2001-305455	200106
			<	22
EP 1167456	B1	20051109	•	
			CD CD TM IT III NI	CE MC
		LV, FI, RO	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL	, SE, MC,
US 6512015	B1	20030128	US 2000-607479	
				200006
				30
			<	
JP 2002113304	A2	20020416	JP 2001-193200	
				200106
				26
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.			US 2000-607479	Α
	-			200006
				200000

A silicone foam control compn., advantageous in controlling foam in AB foam producing systems, providing improvement in the control of foaming behavior, and stable and easily dispersible, comprises a silicone antifoam agent, mineral oil, a polydiorganosiloxane contg. at least one polyoxyalkylene group, and a finely divided filler.

IT 11099-06-2, Ethyl polysilicate

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (silicone foam control compns.)

11099-06-2 HCAPLUS RN

CN Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1343-98-2 CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM

CRN 64-17-5 CMF C2 H6 O

H3C-CH2-OH

```
ICM C08L083-06
IC
     ICS C11D001-82; C11D001-825; B01D019-04; C08L083-04
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
ST
     silicone antifoaming compn polydiorganosiloxane
     polyoxyalkylene
     Polysiloxanes, uses
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyether-; silicone foam control compns.)
     Glycols, uses
IT
       Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (silicone foam control compns.)
IT
     Polyethers, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (siloxane-; silicone foam control compns.)
     1343-98-2, Sipernat D 10 9003-11-6D, vinyl-terminated,
                9016-00-6D, Polydimethylsiloxane, sru,
     siloxane-
     trimethylsilyl- or hydroxy-terminated 11099-06-2, Ethyl
     polysilicate 31900-57-9D, Polydimethylsiloxane,
     trimethylsilyl- or hydroxy-terminated 156118-35-3D, trimethylsilyl-terminated, crosslinked, polyoxyalkylene-
     156549-36-9D, trimethylsilyl-terminated
                                                185402-72-6, Sipernat D13
     186321-84-6D, trimethylsilyl-terminated
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
       (silicone foam control compns.)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                                THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
                          4
                                THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN
                                THE RE FORMAT
L33 ANSWER 10 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          2000:412339 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          133:60194
                          Aqueous polyurethane coating composition for
TITLE:
                          containers with good scratch shielding
                          properties
                          Tanaka, Shigehiro; Goto, Sakiko; Takase,
INVENTOR(S):
                          Masanori
                          Dainippon Ink and Chemicals, Inc., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
SOURCE:
                          CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                                                     DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                 20000620
                                              JP 1999-202941
     JP 2000169792
                           A2
                                                                      199907
                                                                      16
                                                   ---
                                              JP 1998-273196
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                      199809
                                                                      28
                                                   <--
     The compn., for scratched glass and plastic container surface
AB
     treatment, comprises a polyurethane, prepd. by the reaction of a low
```

polar polyol, a high polar polyol, a polyisocyanate and an aminosilane coupling agent; a high b.p. solvent, and a lubricant.

dimethylolpropionic acid, castor oil, butylethylpropanediol,

Thus, a compn. was made by the reaction of HS 2G160R,

Ross Shipe EIC 1700 Remsen 4B31 571/272-6018

```
polyethylene glycol, and Desmodur W in MEK in the presence of tin
     octanoate at 70-75°, adding triethylamine then H2O, adding
     solvents and A 1100 and heating to 50° in the presence of a
     surfactant.
     276683-38-6P
IT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (aq. polyurethane coating compn. for containers with good scratch
     shielding properties)
276683-38-6 HCAPLUS
RN
     Propanoic acid, 3-hydroxy-2-(hydroxymethyl)-2-methyl-, polymer with
CN
     2-butyl-2-ethyl-1,3-propanediol, \alpha-hydro-\omega-
     hydroxypoly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), Pespol HP 1000, Takenate 600 and
     3-(triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine
     (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Εt
Et-N-Et
     CM
          2
     CRN
          276683-37-5
          (C9 H23 N O3 Si . C9 H20 O2 . C5 H10 O4 . (C2 H4 O) n H2 O .
          Unspecified . Unspecified)x
     CCI
          PMS
          CM
               3
          CRN 186673-41-6
               Unspecified
          CMF
          CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
          CM
          CRN 75138-76-0
               Unspecified
          CMF
          CCI
               MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
          CM
                5
          CRN
               25322-68-3
               (C2 H4 O)n H2 O
           CMF
           CCI PMS
       - CH<sub>2</sub>- CH<sub>2</sub>- О Н
```

```
CRN
              4767-03-7
              C5 H10 O4
          CMF
       Мe
но- сн2-
          CO2H
        CH2-OH
          CM
               7
          CRN 919-30-2
          CMF C9 H23 N O3 Si
     OEt
Eto-Si-(CH_2)_3-NH_2
     OEt
          CM
               8
          CRN 115-84-4
          CMF C9 H20 O2
   сн2−он
   C-Bu-n
   CH_2-OH
IC
     ICM C09D175-04
         B05D005-00; B05D007-24; C03C017-32; C09D005-00; C09D183-04;
CC
     42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
ST
     siloxane polyurethane aq coating scratch shielding;
     polyester polyurethane siloxane coating glass plastic
IT
     Polyurethanes, uses
     Polyurethanes, uses
     Polyurethanes, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyester-polysiloxane-; aq. polyurethane coating
        compn. for containers with good scratch shielding properties)
IT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
       Polysiloxanes, uses
       Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
```

6

(polyester-polyurethane-; aq. polyurethane coating compn. for

```
containers with good scratch shielding properties)
     Polyesters, uses
     Polyesters, uses
     Polyesters, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (polyurethane-polysiloxane-; aq. polyurethane coating
        compn. for containers with good scratch shielding properties)
TT
     115-84-4DP, polymer with castor oil, silane compd. and isocyanate,
     block, triethylamine salt 919-30-2DP, A 1100, polymer with castor
    oil, isocyanate compd. and diol, block, triethylamine salt
     4767-03-7DP, Dimethylolpropionic acid, polymer with castor oil,
     silane compd. and isocyanate, block, triethylamine salt
     25322-68-3DP, Polyethylene glycol, polymer with castor oil, silane
     compd. and isocyanate, block, triethylamine salt
                                                        79103-62-1DP,
     Desmodur W, polymer with castor oil, silane compd. and diol, block,
     triethylamine salt 232923-94-3DP, HS 2G160R, polymer with castor
    oil, silane compd. and isocyanate, block, triethylamine salt
     276683-38-6P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
    or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (aq. polyurethane coating compn. for containers with good scratch
        shielding properties)
L33 ANSWER 11 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1999:780853 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         132:94978
TITLE:
                         Compositional Effects and Hydrothermal
                         Reorganization of Mesoporous Silicates
                         Synthesized in Surfactant Solutions
AUTHOR (S):
                         Lee, Yoon Seob; Surjadi, Dede; Rathman, James F.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Chemical Engineering Department, The Ohio State
                         University, Columbus, OH, 43210, USA
SOURCE:
                         Langmuir (2000), 16(1), 195-202
                         CODEN: LANGD5; ISSN: 0743-7463
PUBLISHER:
                         American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Surfactant aggregates play a key role in aq. condensation polymn.
     reactions of silicate species to form mesoporous siliceous solids.
     The effects of surfactant (cetyltrimethylammonium chloride, CTAC)
     concn. and silicate/surfactant ratio on the synthesis of mesoporous
     silicates were studied. The subsequent hydrothermal reorganization
     of the surfactant-silicate mesophases during drying was also
     investigated. At low CTAC concn. (<10 wt. %) and low Si/CTAC molar
     ratio (<2.6), the CTAC micellar aggregates and bound silicate
     counterions have sufficient mobility to form hexagonal arrangements
     through the intermicellar silicate condensation. At higher CTAC
     concn. and higher Si/CTAC ratio, the hexagonal arrangement is
     considerably hindered due to the increased contour length of the
    micelles and the reduced intermicellar distance, resulting in
     crosslinking of micelles that disrupts formation of hexagonal pore
     structures. During drying, hydrothermal reorganizations of lamellar
     silicate mesophases into hexagonal structures and of cubic
     mesophases into lamellar structures were obsd. These transitions
     provide insight into the role of bilayer assemblies as precursors
     for the formation of cubic and hexagonal geometries.
IT
     11099-06-2, TEOS homopolymer
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (compositional effects and hydrothermal reorganization of
        mesoporous silicates synthesized in surfactant solns.)
RN
     11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
```

```
Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
         1
        1343-98-2
     CRN
     CMF
        Unspecified
     CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
         2
     CRN 64-17-5
     CMF C2 H6 O
H3C-CH2-OH
CC
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35
TT
    Polysiloxanes, uses
      Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use);
     USES (Uses)
        (silicate-; compositional effects and hydrothermal reorganization
        of mesoporous silicates synthesized in surfactant solns.)
     11099-06-2, TEOS homopolymer
IT
     RL: PRP (Properties)
        (compositional effects and hydrothermal reorganization of
       mesoporous silicates synthesized in surfactant solns.)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                        49
                              THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
                              FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                              IN THE RE FORMAT
L33 ANSWER 12 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                     1999:56373 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        130:111864
TITLE:
                        Silicone compositions and uses thereof
INVENTOR(S):
                        Datz-Siegel, Teresa Lynn; Fey, Kenneth
                        Christopher; L'Hostis, Jacqueline; Renauld,
                        Franck A.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Dow Corning Corporation, USA; Dow Corning SA
SOURCE:
                        U.S., 6 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.
                        635,347, abandoned.
                        CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                        ----
                                           ______
    US 5861453
                         Α
                               19990119
                                           US 1997-789143
                                                                  199701
                                                                  28
                                                <--
    EP 802231
                         A2
                               19971022
                                         EP 1997-106123
                                                                  199704
                                                                  15
```

Ross Shipe EIC 1700 Remsen 4B31 571/272-6018

<--

```
EP 802231
                                 19980325
                          A3
        R: DE, FR, GB, IT, SE, FI
     JP 10052602
                                 19980224
                                             JP 1997-101872
                          Α2
                                                                     199704
    US 5914362
                          Α
                                 19990622
                                             US 1997-960653
                                                                     199710
                                                                     30
                                                  <---
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 1996-635347
                                                                     199604
                                                                     19
                                                   < - -
                                             US 1996-635043
                                                                  A2
                                                                     199604
                                                                     19
                                                  c - -
                                             US 1996-635119
                                                                     199604
                                                                     19
                                                   <--
                                             US 1996-635346
                                                                     199604
                                                                     19
                                                  <---
                                             US 1997-789143
                                                                     199701
                                                                     28
AB
    Silicone compns. resistant to phase sepn. and useful as foam control
     compns. are prepd. by reacting mineral oil, a
     polyorganosiloxane, and a Si compd. in the presence of a
     catalyst. Thus, Duoprime Oil 90 55, polydimethylsiloxane
     diol 39, polyethyl silicate 5.9 parts, and KOH reacted to prep. an
     emulsion which sepd. into 2 liq. phases in <1 wk.
ΙT
     11099-06-2DP, Polyethyl silicate, reaction products with
     mineral oil and silicones
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (silicone compns. for defoaming agents)
RN
     11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
CN
     Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 1343-98-2
     CMF Unspecified
     CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
          2
     CRN 64-17-5
     CMF C2 H6 O
н<sub>3</sub>С− Сн<sub>2</sub>− Он
```

IC

ICM B01D019-04

```
INCL 524491000
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 42, 43, 51
TT
     Polysiloxanes, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (reaction products with mineral oils and silicon compds.;
        silicone compns. for defoaming agents)
     31692-79-2DP, Polydimethylsiloxane diol, reaction products
IT
     with mineral oil and silicon compd.
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        ([silicone compns. for defoaming agents)
     11099-06-2DP, Polyethyl silicate, reaction products with
     mineral oil and silicones 31900-57-9DP, Dimethylsilanediol
     homopolymer, hydroxy-terminated, reaction products with mineral oil
     and silicon compd.
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (silicone compns. for defoaming agents)
                               THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         11
                               FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE
                               IN THE RE FORMAT
L33 ANSWER 13 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                         1998:806741 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         130:40128
TITLE:
                         Surface pretreatment for photocatalytic
                         hydrophilic film formation, and detergents and
                         undercoating compositions used in the same, sets
                         thereof, and pretreated products
INVENTOR(S):
                         Kanno, Mitsuyoshi; Hayakawa, Makoto; Shibato,
                         Masahiro; Yamamoto, Masahiro; Machida,
                         Mitsuyoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Toto Ltd., Japan
                         PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
                         Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND DATE
                                                                    DATE
                                -----
                                            -----
     _____
     WO 9855573
                         A1 19981210
                                          WO 1998-JP2487
                                                                    199806
                                                  <--
         W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,
             DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, KE,
             MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
```

A2

JP 10337526

19981222

<--

199804 08

JP 1998-112787

	3250607 2290442		B2 AA		CA	1998-2290442		199806
						<		04
AU	9875505		A1	19981221	AU	1998-75505		199806 04
JP	11050006		A2	19990223	JP	< 1998-156232		199806 04
EP	987317		Al	20000322	EP	- < 1998-923133		199806 04
	D 3.00	D.D. (	711 DE	DV EG ED	CD CI	<	NT OI	
		IE, I		DK, ES, FR,	GB, G	R, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE	s, MC,
BR	9810241		A	20000905	BR	1998-10241		199806 04
TW	517082		B	20030111	TW	< 1998-87108882		199806 04
MV	9910818		А	20000430	MV	< 1999-10818		
I <sup>r</sup> LA	9910010	٠	А	20000430	PLA	<		199911 23
PRIORITY	APPLN.	INFO.	:		JP	1997-161864	Α	199706 04
					JP	< 1997-161865	A	199706 04
						<	_	
					JP.	1998-112787	A	199804 08
					JP	< 1997-105120	Α	199704 08
					.тр	< 1997-106677	A	
					Ü!		А	199704 09
					JP	< 1997-106678	A	199704 09
					WO	< 1998-JP2487	. <b>M</b>	199806 04
						<		_

AB The process useful for automobile bodies, glass window, coated surfaces, etc., comprises either cleaning the base surface with a given detergent, applying thereto a photocatalytic hydrophilic

coating fluid, and curing the coating to form a photocatalytic hydrophilic film, or cleaning the base surface with a given detergent, applying thereto a given undercoating compn., applying a photocatalytic hydrophilic coating fluid to the undercoat layer, and curing the coating to form a photocatalytic hydrophilic film. The detergent comprises at least one member selected among surfactants, abrasives, acids, and bases. The undercoat compn. for forming an undercoat layer comprises a solvent and one of a particulate inorg. oxide, a silicone, and a silicone precursor. 11099-06-2, Ethyl silicate RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (surface pretreatment for photocatalytic hydrophilic film formation, and detergents and undercoating compns. used in the same, sets thereof, and pretreated products) 11099-06-2 HCAPLUS Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 1343-98-2 Unspecified CMF CCI MAN \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\* CM CRN 64-17-5 CMF C2 H6 O H<sub>3</sub>C- CH<sub>2</sub>- OH ICM C11D003-14 ICS C09D183-04; C09D005-00; C09K003-18 46-6 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents) Polysiloxanes, uses RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (surface pretreatment for photocatalytic hydrophilic film formation, and detergents and undercoating compns. used in the same, sets thereof, and pretreated products) 11099-06-2, Ethyl silicate RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (surface pretreatment for photocatalytic hydrophilic film formation, and detergents and undercoating compns. used in the same, sets thereof, and pretreated products) REFERENCE COUNT: 94 THERE ARE 94 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L33 ANSWER 14 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1997:431713 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:163457 TITLE: Silicon-modified carbohydrate surfactants. III. Cationic and anionic compounds AUTHOR(S): Wagner, R.; Richter, L.; Weiland, B.; Weissmueller, J.; Reiners, J.; Kraemer, W.

RN CN

CC TT

IT

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Max-Planck-Institute for Colloids and Surfaces,

Berlin, 12489, Germany

SOURCE:

Applied Organometallic Chemistry (1997

), 11(6), 523-538

CODEN: AOCHEX; ISSN: 0268-2605

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Wiley Journal

LANGUAGE: English Ionic siloxanyl-modified carbohydrate surfactants were synthesized by alkylation/esterification of precursors contg. tertiary amino functions. Depending on the reaction strategy, the siloxanyl moiety is part of the alkylating agent or the substrate. Polyhydroxylated tertiary amines can be quaternized by siloxanyl-modified chloroacetic acid esters or epoxysiloxanes in the presence of glacial acetic acid. esterification of tertiary amines bearing carbohydrate and siloxanyl subunits by cyclic acid anhydrides yields, after neutralization, carboxylate salts. The reaction of hydroxyl groups and sulfamic acid leads to sulfates. The new substances were characterized by 13C NMR spectroscopy, gas chromatog., elemental anal. and their soly. profile. These cationic and anionic surfactants have potential as fabric softeners, wetting agents, paint additives, and adjuvants in cosmetic and agrochem.

IT 193466-16-9P

formulations.

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic surfactants)

RN 193466-16-9 HCAPLUS

CN D-Gluconamide, N-[3-[1,3,3,3-tetramethyl-1 [(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl]-, 4-[hydrogen
 (2Z)-2-butenedioate], compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 193465-93-9 CMF C20 H41 N O11 Si3

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

```
Et
Et-N-Et
CC
    46-3 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
    Section cross-reference(s): 33
ST
    siloxanyl modified carbohydrate surfactant
    prepn; hydroxylated tertiary amine quaternization siloxanyl
     ester; dialkylaminoalkylamide prepn siloxanyl modification
    cationic surfactant
IT
     Surfactants
        (anionic; prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
TΤ
    Siloxanes (nonpolymeric)
    RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
        (carbohydrate-modified; prepn. and soly. and quaternization
        potential of siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic
        and anionic surfactants)
IT
    Surfactants
        (cationic; prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
IT
    Alkylation
    Esterification
     Quaternization
        (prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
IT
    Glycosides
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
IT
     164113-50-2P
                    164113-52-4P
                                   164267-95-2P
                                                   164267-96-3P
                   164267-98-5P
     164267-97-4P
                                   164267-99-6P
                                                  164300-80-5P
     193466-05-6P
                   193466-08-9P
                                   193466-11-4P
                                                  193564-69-1P
    RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
TΤ
    64-19-7, Acetic acid, reactions
                                       79-11-8, Chloroacetic acid,
                90-80-2, D-Gluconic acid \delta-lactone
    reactions
                                                     100-36-7.
    N, N-Diethylethylenediamine
                                  102-83-0, N,N-
    Dibutyltrimethylenediamine
                                  104-78-9, N,N-
    Diethyltrimethylenediamine
                                  105-83-9, N,N-Bis(3-
     aminopropyl) methylamine
                               108-00-9, N,N-Dimethylethylenediamine
     108-30-5, Succinic anhydride, reactions
                                               108-31-6, 2,5-Furandione,
                 109-55-7, N,N-Dimethyltrimethylenediamine
    reactions
                                                             1310-73-2.
    Sodium hydroxide, reactions
                                   3529-09-7, N,N-Dibutylethylenediamine
    5329-14-6, Sulfamic acid 6284-40-8, N-Methyl-D-glucamine
     7422-52-8
                 93377-95-8
                              138511-52-1
                                            164063-66-5
                                                          164063-67-6
     182688-53-5
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
TΤ
     19257-59-1P
                   51812-79-4P
                                 55728-06-8P
                                               55728-07-9P
                                                              164113-45-5P
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```
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation);
    RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
    193465-95-1P 193465-97-3P 193465-98-4P 193466-00-1P
    193466-16-9P
                 193466-18-1P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and soly. and quaternization potential of
        siloxane-modified carbohydrate cationic and anionic
        surfactants)
L33 ANSWER 15 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:721368 HCAPLUS
                        125:331693
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        Aqueous polymer dispersions for chemical-,
TITLE:
                        water-, and weather-resistant coatings
INVENTOR(S):
                        Uno, Minoru; Hashimoto, Tomio; Tada, Hiroshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Toyo Ink Mfg Co, Japan
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                                         APPLICATION NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                                                  DATE
     _____
    JP 08245733
                        A2
                               19960924
                                           JP 1995-50826
                                                                  199503
                                                                  10
                                                <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           JP 1995-50826
                                                                  199503
    The dispersions are obtained by soln. polymn. of (A) radically
    polymerizable ethylenically unsatd. carboxylic acids, (B) di-Me
    siloxanes having radically polymerizable groups, and (C)
    \leq10 parts (per 100 parts A + B) radically polymerizable
    surfactants in the presence of polymn. initiators and
    solvents, phase conversion of the resulting solns. to H2O, and
    removal of the solvents. Thus, Bu acrylate 26, Me methacrylate 70,
    acrylic acid 4, monofunctional methacryloxy-terminated di-Me
    siloxane 20, and Eleminol JS 2 (reactive emulsifier) 3 parts
    were polymd. in Me2CHOH in the presence of Bz2O2, neutralized with
    Et3N, blended with H2O, and freed of Me2CHOH by heating to give a
    40% solid polymer dispersion (acid value 31.1, aq. particle size 50
    nm). A coating formed from the dispersion showed good resistance to
    H2O and aq. NaOH and adhesion to slate and mortar plates with good
    gloss retention after weathering.
    183736-03-0P 183736-05-2P 183736-07-4P
    183736-09-6P 183736-11-0P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
```

or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (manuf. of acrylic-siloxane aq. dispersions for chem .- ,

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, dimethylsilanediol, Eleminol JS 2 and 2-propenoic

water-, and weather-resistant coatings)

183736-03-0 HCAPLUS

164113-46-6P 164113-47-7P 164113-48-8P 193465-93-9P

ΤT

AR

IT

RN CN

```
acid, graft, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
         1
     CRN 121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Εt
Et-N-Et
     CM
          2
     CRN 183736-02-9
          (C7 H12 O2 . C5 H8 O2 . C3 H4 O2 . C2 H8 O2 Si . Unspecified)x
     CMF
     CCI
          CM
                3
          CRN 79585-53-8
          CMF Unspecified
          CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
           CM
                4
          CRN 1066-42-8
          CMF C2 H8 O2 Si
     ОН
H<sub>3</sub>C-Si-CH<sub>3</sub>
     ÓН
          CM
                5
          CRN 141-32-2
          CMF C7 H12 O2
n-BuO-C-CH \longrightarrow CH_2
           CM
                6
          CRN 80-62-6
               C5 H8 O2
          CMF
```

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{H_2C} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

183736-05-2 HCAPLUS RN

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, dimethylsilanediol, Latemul S 180A and 2-propenoic acid, graft, compd. with N, N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX

CM 1

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

CM 2

CRN 183736-04-1

CMF (C7 H12 O2 . C5 H8 O2 . C3 H4 O2 . C2 H8 O2 Si . Unspecified) xCCI PMS

CM3

CRN 113255-53-1

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 4

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{\text{H}_2\text{C}} & \text{O} \\ & \parallel & \parallel \\ \text{Me-} & \text{C-} & \text{C-} & \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 7

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 183736-07-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, dimethylsilanediol, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate, 2-propenoic acid and  $\alpha$ -sulfo- $\omega$ -[nonyl(2-propenyl)phenoxy]poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) ammonium salt, graft, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

Et | Et-N-Et

CM 2

CRN 183736-06-3 CMF (C11 H20 O2 . C7 H12 O2 . C5 H8 O2 . C3 H4 O2 . C2 H8 O2 Si . (C2 H4 O)n C18 H28 O4 S . H3 N)x CCI PMS

CRN 112908-98-2 CMF (C2 H4 O) n C18 H28 O4 S . H3 N CCI IDS, PMS



$$D1-(CH_2)_8-Me$$

$$D1-CH_2-CH=-CH_2$$

$$HO_3S$$
  $O-CH_2-CH_2$   $O-D1$ 

● NH3

CM 4

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 5

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 6

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{O-C-CH} \longrightarrow \text{CH}_2 \\ \parallel \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 8

CRN 79-10-7 CMF C3 H4 O2

RN 183736-09-6 HCAPLUS

V 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, dimethylsilanediol, Latemul S 180A and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

CM 2

CRN 183736-08-5

CMF (C7 H12 O2 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2 . C2 H8 O2 Si . Unspecified)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 113255-53-1

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

## \*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

CM 5

CRN 141-32-2 CMF C7 H12 O2

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2 \\ || \\ \text{Me-- C-- CO}_2\text{H} \end{array}$$

RN 183736-11-0 HCAPLUS

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with dimethylsilanediol, Eleminol JS 2, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate and methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, graft, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

Εt Et-N-Et

> CM 2

CMF (C11 H20 O2 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2 . C2 H8 O2 Si . Unspecified)x CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 79585-53-8

CMF Unspecified CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM

CRN 1066-42-8 CMF C2 H8 O2 Si

5 CM

CRN 103-11-7 CMF C11 H20 O2

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ || \\ \text{CH}_2\text{--O-C-CH} = \text{CH}_2 \\ | \\ \text{Et-CH-Bu-n} \end{array}$$

CM 6

CRN 80-62-6 CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 7

CRN 79-41-4 CMF C4 H6 O2

```
CH<sub>2</sub>
Me-C-CO2H
     ICM C08F290-06
IC
     ICS C08F002-24; C08F002-44; C08F006-10; C08L033-06; C09D133-06;
          C09D157-00
ICA C08G077-442
     42-7 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
     Section cross-reference(s): 58
     water resistance coating acrylic siloxane emulsion; alkali
ST
     resistance acrylic siloxane emulsion coating; weather
     resistance acrylic siloxane emulsion coating
IT
     Mortar
     Slate
        (manuf. of acrylic-siloxane aq. dispersions for chem.-,
        water-, and weather-resistant coatings)
     Glass, oxide
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (manuf. of acrylic-siloxane aq. dispersions for chem. -,
        water-, and weather-resistant coatings)
IT
     Coating materials
        (acid- and water- and weather-resistant, manuf. of acrylic-
        siloxane aq. dispersions for chem.-, water-, and
        weather-resistant coatings)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylic, manuf. of acrylic-siloxane aq. dispersions
        for chem.-, water-, and weather-resistant coatings)
     183736-03-0P 183736-05-2P 183736-07-4P
     183736-09-6P 183736-11-0P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical
     or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (manuf. of acrylic-siloxane aq. dispersions for chem.-,
        water-, and weather-resistant coatings)
L33 ANSWER 16 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1996:506464 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         125:225141
TITLE:
                         Silicone foam control compositions
                         McGee, James B.; Petroff, Lenin J.; Brecht,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Doris J.; Ollinger, William J.; Ollinger, Legal
                         Representative By John M.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Dow Corning Corporation, USA
                         U.S., 16 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,380464.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     PATENT NO.
     ------
                         _ _ _ _
                                _____
     US 5543082
                          Α
                                19960806
                                            US 1993-119762
```

199309

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13
                                 19950110
                                             US 1990-479022
     US 5380464
                                                                     199002
                                                                     12
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 1988-192042
                                                                  B2
                                                                     198805
                                                                     09
                                                   <--
                                             US 1989-393620
                                                                  B2
                                                                     198908
                                                                     14
                                             US 1990-479022
                                                                  A2
                                                                     199002
                                                                     12
                                                  <--
     A foam control compn. comprises (I) a silicone defoamer reaction
AB
     product and (II) a silicone glycol copolymer particularly effective
     in defoaming highly acidic or highly basic aq. systems. The compns.
     of the present invention can further comprise (III) a finely divided
     filler, and/or (IV) a trimethylsilyl or hydroxyl endblocked
     polyorganosiloxane. A blend of 45 parts a fluid which
     contains the reaction product of OH-terminal
     {\bf polydimethylsiloxane,\ trimethylsilyl-terminal}
     polydimethylsiloxane, silica, and Et silicate, and 55 parts
     silicone glycol of Me3SiO(MeSiOCH2CH2CH2CMPnOZ)j(Me2SiO)kSiMe3 (Q =
     ethylene oxide; P = propylene oxide; Z = H; j = 9.5; k = 103; m, n =
     18) as tested on pulping liquors, showed knockdown value (10 s) 16
     and foam ht. 19 cm after 20 min; vs. 24.5 and 32, resp., for
     silicone glycol only.
     11099-06-2DP, Ethyl silicate, reaction product with silica
IT
     and polyorganosiloxane
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
        (in long acting silicone foam control compns. for use in acid and
     base aq. systems)
11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
RN
     Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
          1
     CRN
          1343-98-2
     CMF
         Unspecified
     CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
     CRN 64-17-5
     CMF C2 H6 O
\rm H_3C-CH_2-OH
     ICM B01D019-04
IC
INCL 252321000
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
```

```
hydroxy terminated polydimethylsiloxane antifoam; silicone
ST
     glycol antifoam compn; trimethylsilyl terminated
    polydimethylsiloxane antifoam; ethyl silicate
    polydimethylsiloxane adduct antifoam; silica filler adduct
     antifoam compn; pulping liquor antifoam compn
     Antifoaming agents
IT
        (siloxane-silica compns. contg. silicone glycol for use
        in acid and base aq. systems)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkylene-, siloxane-silica compns. contg.
        silicone glycol for use in acid and base aq. systems)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
IT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (siloxane-, siloxane-silica compns. contg.
        silicone glycol for use in acid and base aq. systems)
IT
     7631-86-9DP, Silica, reaction product with
     polyorganosiloxane and Et silicate 7631-86-9P, Silica,
           9003-11-6DP, Ethylene oxide-propylene oxide copolymer,
     siloxane derivs. 11099-06-2DP, Ethyl silicate,
     reaction product with silica and polyorganosiloxane
     25322-68-3DP, Polyethylene glycol, siloxane derivs.
     27613-77-0DP, Polyethylene glycol monoacetate, siloxane
     derivs. 31692-79-2P
                           31900-57-9DP, Dimethyl silanediol
     homopolymer, reaction product with silica, Et silicate, and
     polyorganosiloxane 42557-10-8P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); TEM
     (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (in long acting silicone foam control compns. for use in acid and
        base aq. systems)
L33 ANSWER 17 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                      1995:632097 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         123:35824
TITLE:
                         Siloxanyl group-containing anionic
                         polyhydroxy compounds for use as
                         surfactants
                         Wagner, Roland; Wersig, Reingard; Schmaucks,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Gerd; Weiland, Bernd; Richter, Lothar; Hennig,
                         Annette; Jaenicke, Andrea; Reiners, Juergen;
                         Kraemer, Wolgang; et al.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Bayer A.-G., Germany
                         Ger. Offen., 21 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
     -----
                                _____
                                            ------
     DE 4318539
                                19941208
                                           DE 1993-4318539
                         A1
                                                                  199306
```

WO 9429323

**A**1

19941222

WO 1994-EP1655

199405 24

W: AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, HU, JP, KR, KZ, LK, NO,

NZ, PL, RO, RU, SK, UA, US
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

19950103 AU 9469295 A1 AU 1994-69295

199405

24

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

DE 1993-4318539

199306

04

WO 1994-EP1655

< - -

199405

24

AB The title compds. are biodegradable and useful as emulsifiers for insecticides, herbicides, etc. A surfactant was prepd. by reacting 1 mol gluconolactone with 1 mol H2N(CH2)3SiMe(OSiMe3)2 and esterifying the resulting gluconamide with 1 mol maleic anhydride to give a monocarboxy compd.

IT 164202-95-3P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of surface-active)

164202-95-3 HCAPLUS RN

CN D-Gluconamide, N-[3-[1,3,3,3-tetramethyl-1-

[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]propyl]-, 6-(hydrogen

2-butenedioate), (E)-, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 164063-68-7

CMF C20 H41 N O11 Si3

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

Me<sub>3</sub>Si O OH OH OH OH OH 
$$CO_2H$$

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

Et Et-N-Et

```
ICS C07H015-04; C11D003-22; A01N055-00; C07F007-18; C07F007-10
CC
    46-3 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
    Section cross-reference(s): 29, 33
    siloxane polyhydroxy carboxy deriv surfactant;
ST
    maleate polyhydroxy siloxane deriv surfactant;
    gluconic maleate siloxane deriv surfactant;
    emulsifier siloxane polyhydroxy carboxy deriv
IT
        (prepn. of polyhydroxy and carboxy group-contg. siloxanes
        for use as)
IT
    Carboxylic acids, preparation
      Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (prepn. of polyhydroxy and carboxy group-contg. siloxanes
        for use as surfactants)
TΥ
    93377-95-8 164202-93-1
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (amidation with (aminopropyl)heptamethyltrisiloxane)
    90-80-2, Gluconolactone
TT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (amidation with (aminopropyl)heptamethyltrisiloxane and
        esterification with maleic anhydride)
    108-31-6, Maleic anhydride, reactions
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (esterification with siloxanyl group-contg. polyhydroxy
        compds.)
TT
    164063-68-7P
                   164063-69-8P 164063-70-1P
                                                164063-71-2P
     164202-94-2P 164202-95-3P 164202-96-4P
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (prepn. of surface-active)
L33 ANSWER 18 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       1994:301653 HCAPLUS
                        120:301653
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        Salts of amines and carboxy-terminated esters of
TITLE:
                        polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
INVENTOR(S):
                        O'Lenick, Anthony J.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Siltech Inc., USA
                        U.S., 8 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.
SOURCE:
                        804,688, abandoned.
                        CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
                               -----
                         ----
     _____
    US 5248783
                        Α
                              19930928 US 1992-966430
                                                                   199210
                                                                   26
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 1991-788345
                                                                   199111
                                                                   06
                                            US 1991-804688
                                                               B2
```

ICM C07H015-26

IC

Ross Shipe EIC 1700 Remsen 4B31 571/272-6018

199112 11

The title salts are high-foaming surface-active agents which are AB substantive to the surfaces of fibers and other substrates and are useful in personal care, textile, and industrial formulations for imparting softness and lubricity. The salts are prepd. by esterifying OH groups of a polyoxyalkylene-siloxane with a dicarboxylic anhydride and neutralizing the free carboxy groups with an amine. A salt was prepd. by esterifying Siltech H 1600 (OH-contg. polyoxypropylene-siloxane) with maleic anhydride and neutralizing free carboxy groups with C12H25NMe2.

124-28-7DP, salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-TΤ

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (surfactants, foaming, prepn. and uses of)

124-28-7 HCAPLUS RN

CN 1-Octadecanamine, N, N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

 $Me_2N^-(CH_2)_{17}^-Me$ 

ICM C07F007-10

INCL 548110000

CC 46-3 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 37, 40, 62

ST polyoxyalkylene siloxane carboxylate amine salt; lubricant polyoxyalkylene siloxane amine salt; polyoxypropylene siloxane carboxylate amine salt; polyoxyethylene siloxane carboxylate amine salt; softener polyoxyalkylene siloxane amine salt

IT Lubricants

Softening agents

Surfactants

(amine salts of carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes , prepn. and uses of)

Anhydrides

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (monoesters with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes , amine salts, surfactants, foaming, prepn. and uses of)

TT Cosmetics

> (foams, amine salts of carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylenesiloxanes for)

Siloxanes and Silicones, compounds ΤT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (polyoxyalkylene-, block, monoesters with dicarboxylic anhydrides, amine salts, surfactants, foaming, prepn. and uses of)

ΤT Siloxanes and Silicones, compounds

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (polyoxyalkylene-, carboxy-contg., amine salts, surfactants, amine salts, prepn. and uses of)

Amines, compounds
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (salts, with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes, surfactants, foaming, prepn. and uses of)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, compounds

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (siloxane-, block, monoesters with dicarboxylic anhydrides, amine salts, surfactants, foaming, prepn. and uses

```
of)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, compounds
TT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (siloxane-, carboxy-contg., amine salts, surfactants,
        amine salts, prepn. and uses of)
     85-44-9DP, 1,3-Isobenzofurandione, monoesters with polyoxyalkylene-
                             95-19-2DP, salts with
     siloxanes, amine salts
     carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
                                               110-15-6DP.
     Butanedioic acid, monoesters with polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
     , amine salts
                   110-16-7DP, 2-Butenedioic acid (Z)-, monoesters with
     polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes, amine salts
                                            117-08-8DP,
     Tetrachlorophthalic anhydride, monoesters with polyoxyalkylene-
     siloxanes, amine salts 124-28-7DP, salts with
     carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
                                               136-99-2DP,
     salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
     1120-24-7DP, salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-
     siloxanes
                2016-57-1DP, 1-Decanamine, salts with
     carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
                                                2561-85-5DP,
     Dodecylsuccinic anhydride, monoesters with polyoxyalkylene-
                            4100-80-5DP, monoesters with
     siloxanes, amine salts
     polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes, amine salts
                                             7378-99-6DP,
     salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
     7396-58-9DP, salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-
     siloxanes
                9003-11-6DP, Ethylene oxide-propylene oxide
     copolymer, siloxane derivs., monoesters with dicarboxylic
                         25322-68-3DP, Polyethylene glycol,
     acids, amine salts
     siloxane derivs., monoesters with dicarboxylic acids, amine
           25322-69-4DP, Polypropylene glycol, siloxane
     derivs., monoesters with dicarboxylic acids, amine salts
     36060-61-4DP, salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-
               37286-67-2DP, salts with carboxy-contg.
     siloxanes
     polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
                                37615-53-5DP, salts with
     carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
                                               44979-90-0DP.
     salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
     45275-74-9DP, salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-
               46201-48-3DP, Hexylsuccinic anhydride,
     siloxanes
     monoesters with polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes, amine salts
     47458-32-2DP, Octadecylsuccinic anhydride, monoesters with
     polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes, amine salts
                                             53520-66-4DP
     n-Eicosylsuccinic anhydride, monoesters with polyoxyalkylene-
                            68966-42-7DP, salts with
     siloxanes, amine salts
     carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
                                               148133-75-9DP.
     salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
     151820-17-6DP, salts with carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-
                155214-70-3DP, salts with carboxy-contg.
     polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
                                155214-78-1DP, salts with
     carboxy-contg. polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (surfactants, foaming, prepn. and uses of)
L33 ANSWER 19 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
```

```
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1994:247840 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         120:247840
```

TITLE: Preparation of siloxane-containing

defoamer composition

INVENTOR(S): Miura, Takahiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dow Corning Corp., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 8 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.

69,089, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5283004	A	19940201	US 1989-310158	198902 10
			<	
JP 63147507	A2	19880620	JP 1987-39041	198702 24
			<	
JP 04033481 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	B4	19920603	JP 1986-167840 A	198607 18
			<	
			JP 1987-39041 A	198702 24
			<	
			US 1987-69089 B2	198707 02
			·	

AB A defoamer compn. is prepd. by heating a mixt. of siloxanes [esp. Me3Si-terminated di-Me siloxane, OH-terminated di-Me siloxane, and poly(Et silicate)], finely divided filler (e.g., silica), reaction catalyst (e.g., KOH) and ≥1 compd. selected from alkylene glycols, polyhydric alcs., carboxylic acids and their metal salts or esters, nonionic surfactants, polyoxyethylene group-contg. anionic surfactants, polyoxyalkylene-siloxanes, nonionic fluorinated surfactants, and OH-contg. polymers. The compn. shows prolonged defoaming activity and is esp. useful in aq. systems contg. anionic surfactants.

IT 11099-06-2D, Poly(ethyl silicate, derivs.

RL: USES (Uses)

(antifoaming agents contg. siloxanes and)

RN 11099-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 1343-98-2

CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

\*\*\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE \*\*\*

CM 2

CRN 64-17-5

CMF C2 H6 O

 ${\rm H_3C}-{\rm CH_2}-{\rm OH}$ 

IC ICM B01D019-04

```
INCL 252358000
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
     silica siloxane deriv defoamer; glycol siloxane
     defoamer; polyol siloxane defoamer; carboxylic acid
     siloxane defoamer; nonionic surfactant siloxane
     defoamer; polyoxyalkylene siloxane defoamer; fluoro
     surfactant siloxane defoamer; anionic surfactant defoamer
     siloxane
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (antifoaming agents contg., prepn. of)
     Antifoaming agents
        (siloxane deriv.-contg., prepn. of)
IT
     Surfactants
        (siloxane derivs., antifoaming agents, prepn. of)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, compounds
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (compds., antifoaming agents contg., prepn. of)
TT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkylene-, antifoaming agents contg., prepn. of)
     Polyoxyalkylenes, uses
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (siloxane-, antifoaming agents contg., prepn. of)
IT
     7631-86-9, Silica, uses 11099-06-2D, Poly(ethyl silicate,
     derivs.
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (antifoaming agents contg. siloxanes and)
     50-70-4D, Sorbitol, reaction products with siloxanes
     143-18-0D, Potassium oleate, reaction products with
                 1338-41-6D, Sorbitan monostearate, reaction
     siloxanes
                               9003-11-6D, Methyloxirane-
     products with siloxanes
     oxirane copolymer, reaction products with siloxanes
     9004-62-0D, Hydroxyethyl cellulose, reaction products with
     siloxanes
                 9004-99-3D, Polyethylene glycol monostearate,
                                        9005-00-9D,
     reaction products with siloxanes
     Polyethylene glycol monostearyl ether, reaction products with
                9005-67-8D, Polyoxyethylene sorbitan
     siloxanes
     monostearate, reaction products with siloxanes
     9014-90-8D, Polyethylene glycol mono(nonylphenyl) ether sulfate
     sodium\ salt, reaction products with siloxanes
     11138-66-2D, Xanthan gum, reaction products with siloxanes
     25322-68-3D, Polyethylene glycol, perfluoroalkyl ethers, reaction
     products with siloxanes
                               37353-59-6D, Hydroxymethyl
     cellulose, reaction products with siloxanes
                                                  60828-78-6D,
     Polyethylene glycol trimethylnonyl ether, reaction products with
     siloxanes
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (antifoaming agents contg., prepn. of)
L33 ANSWER 20 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                         1994:56145 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         120:56145
                         Preparation and uses of silanes bearing
TITLE:
                         water-solubilizing and hydrophobic moieties
                         Chang, Wen Hsuan; Grunewalder, John F.; Harley,
INVENTOR(S):
                         Mark A.; McEntire, Edward E.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         PPG Industries, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
```

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PA:	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	9308198		A1	19930429	WO 1992-US7875	199209 17
					<	
	RW: AT,		DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,	NL, SE
US	5354881		Α .	19941011	US 1991-776040	199110 15
	****				<	
_	609250		AI	19940810	EP 1992-920335	199209 17
					<	
.TD	R: AT, 06510558				IE, IT, NL, SE JP 1992-507677	
OF.	00310330		12	1))41124	0F 1992 307077	199209 17
					<	
	2534829 2121264		B2	19960918	CA 1992-2121264	
CA	2121204			19900027	CA 1992-2121204	199209 17
					<	
МО	9401339		Α	19940414	NO 1994-1339	199404 14
					<	
FI	9401729		Α	19940609	FI 1994-1729	199404 14
					<	
PRIORIT	Y APPLN.	INFO.:			US 1991-776040	A 199110 15
					<	
					WO 1992-US7875	W 199209 17
					<	

AB The title silanes, carrying ≥1 anionic or nonionic water solubilizing moiety and ≥1 hydrophobic moiety, suitable for prepg. stable aq. solns. or dispersions contg. >5% silanes, are prepd. by reacting aminosilanes with org. anhydrides to form an intermediate and neutralizing with a base to give an an ionic compd., or by reacting an isocyanate-terminated silane with a OH-contg. nonionic surfactant to give nonionic compds. The stable aq. solns. are useful as wood preservatives.

IT 152253-94-6P 152272-46-3P 152272-47-4P 152272-49-6P 152323-88-1P 152375-74-1P 152375-77-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and use of stable, in aq. solns. or dispersions)

RN 152253-94-6 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclohexanecarboxylic acid, methyl-2-[[[3(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-, compd. with

N, N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 152253-93-5 CMF C15 H29 N O6 Si CCI IDS

D1-Me

CM

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

Ęt Et-N-Et

RN152272-46-3 HCAPLUS Benzoic acid, 2-[[bis[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-, CN compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM1

CRN 152272-45-2 CMF C20 H35 N O9 Si2

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N Et | | Et-N-Et

CN

RN 152272-47-4 HCAPLUS

2-Oxa-7,10-diaza-3-silatetradec-12-en-14-oic acid, 3,3-dimethoxy-11-oxo-, (Z)-, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 99503-88-5 CMF C12 H24 N2 O6 Si

Double bond geometry as shown.

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

RN 152272-49-6 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonic acid, 2-[[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]amino]carbonyl]-, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152272-48-5 CMF C13 H21 N O7 S Si

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

```
Εt
Et-N-Et
RN
     152323-88-1 HCAPLUS
     Butanedioic acid, dodecenyl-, monoamide with N-[3-
CN
     (trimethoxysily1)propy1]-1,2-ethanediamine, compd. with
     N, N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
         121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Еt
Et-N-Et
     CM
          2
     CRN 152323-87-0
          C24 H48 N2 O6 Si
     CMF
     CCI
          IDS
          CM
               3
          CRN 1760-24-3
          CMF C8 H22 N2 O3 Si
     OMe
MeO-Si-(CH_2)_3-NH-CH_2-CH_2-NH_2
     OMe
          CM
          CRN 29658-97-7
          CMF
               C16 H28 O4
          CCI
               IDS
                     5
               CM
               CRN
                    455-95-8
               CMF C16 H30 O4
           CO2H
{\rm HO_2C^-\,CH_2^-\,CH^-\,(CH_2)_{11}^-Me}
     152375-74-1 HCAPLUS
RN
     Butanoic acid, dodecenyl-4-oxo-4-[[3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl]amino]-
CN
```

Ross Shipe EIC 1700 Remsen 4B31 571/272-6018

```
, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
         121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Εt
Et-N-Et
     CM
          2
     CRN
          152375-73-0
          C22 H43 N O6 Si
     CMF
     CCI
         IDS
          CM
               3
          CRN 13822-56-5
          CMF C6 H17 N O3 Si
     OMe
MeO-Si-(CH_2)_3-NH_2
     OMe
          CM
          CRN 29658-97-7
          CMF
               C16 H28 O4
          CCI
               IDS
                CM
                     5
               CRN 455-95-8
                CMF C16 H30 O4
           CO<sub>2</sub>H
{
m HO_2C^-\,CH_2^-\,CH^-\,(CH_2)_{11}^-\,Me}
RN
     152375-77-4 HCAPLUS
     Butanoic acid, isooctadecenyl-4-oxo-4-[[3-
CN
     (trimethoxysily1)propy1]amino]-, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine
     (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
```

```
Εt
Et-N-Et
     CM
          2
     CRN
         153221-48-8
     CMF
         C28 H55 N O6 Si
     CCI
         IDS
          CM
               3
          CRN 35164-31-9
          CMF C22 H40 O4
          CCI IDS
     (C_{18}H_{35}-iso)
HO_2C-CH-CH_2-CO_2H
          CM
               4
          CRN 13822-56-5
          CMF C6 H17 N O3 Si
     OMe
MeO-Si-(CH_2)_3-NH_2
     OMe
     ICM C07F007-18
     38-2 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 5, 43
ST
     silane org hydrophilic stable manuf; wood preservative stable silane
     soln; anhydride org silane reaction product; surfactant
     org silane reaction product; nonionic silane reaction product manuf
ΙT
     Wood preservatives
        (aq. stable silane and siloxane compns. as, prepn. of)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (wood preservatives contg. aq., stable)
ΙT
     151864-28-7P 152253-94-6P 152272-46-3P
                                152323-86-9P
     152272-47-4P 152272-49-6P
     152323-88-1P 152375-74-1P 152375-77-4P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and use of stable, in aq. solns. or dispersions)
L33 ANSWER 21 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1993:604576 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         119:204576
TITLE:
                         Siloxanes bearing silicon-bonded
                         sulfatohexyl groups
                         Busch, Stefan; Lersch, Peter; Schaefer, Dietmar;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Wewers, Dietmar
```

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Th. Goldschmidt AG, Germany

SOURCE:

Ger., 6 pp. CODEN: GWXXAW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	DE 4141046	C1	19930218	DE 1991-4141046	
					199112
					13
				<	
	EP 546408	A1	19930616	EP 1992-120403	
					199211
					28
				<	
	EP 546408	B1	19960110		
	R: BE, DE, ES,	FR. GE	. IT. NL		
	ES 2081549	Т3		ES 1992-120403	
	25 2002019				199211
				•	28
				<	20
	110 5001607	Α	19940125	US 1992-987853	
	US 5281687	А	19940125	05 1992-98/853	100010
					199212
					09
				<	
PRIO	RITY APPLN. INFO.:	•		DE 1991-4141046 A	
					199112
					13

AB The title **siloxanes** are prepd. with good surfactant properties and hydrolysis resistance. Stirring 300 g 3-(6-hydroxyhexyl)heptamethyltrisiloxane (I) (prepd. by hydrosilylation of 5-hexen-1-ol with heptamethyltrisiloxane) and 93.9 g sulfamic acid in DMF at 75° for 30 min gave I NH4 sulfate and a small amt. of oligomers. Aq. solns. of 0.025, 0.10, 0.25, and 1.0% this product had surface tension (20°) 21.1, 20.2, 20.1, and 19.8 mN/m, resp.

IT 150697-78-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(surfactants, manuf. of hydrolysis-resistant)

150697-78-2 HCAPLUS RN

1-Hexanol, 6-[1,3,3,3-tetramethyl-1-[(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl CN ]-, hydrogen sulfate, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 150697-74-8 CMF C13 H34 O6 S Si3

```
CRN 121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Et
Et-N-Et
     ICM C08G077-28
IC
     ICS C08G077-392; B01F017-54; C07F007-08
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 29, 46
     siloxane sulfatohexyl manuf surfactant;
     trisiloxane sulfatohexyl manuf surfactant;
     sulfamic acid reaction hydroxyhexyltrisiloxane; hexenol
     hydrosilylation heptamethyltrisiloxane
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
TT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (Me sulfatohexyl, amine salts, surfactants, manuf. of
        hydrolysis-resistant)
IT
     Surfactants
        (sulfatohexyl siloxanes, manuf. of hydrolysis-
        resistant)
     1873-88-7, 1,1,1,3,5,5,5-Heptamethyltrisiloxane
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation by, of hexenol)
ΙT
     821-41-0, 5-Hexen-1-ol
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation of, by heptamethyltrisiloxane)
     5329-14-6, Sulfamic acid
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (sulfation by, of (hydroxyhexyl)heptamethylsiloxane)
                                 150697-76-0 150697-77-1
                   150697-75-9
IT
     150697-73-7
                   150697-79-3
     150697-78-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (surfactants, manuf. of hydrolysis-resistant)
L33 ANSWER 22 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1992:636326 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         117:236326
                         Emulsion-gelled silicone antifoams
TITLE:
                         Hill, Randal Myron; Starch, Michael Stephen;
INVENTOR(S):
                         Gaul, Margaret Mary Sommar
                         Dow Corning Corp., USA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.
                         CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
     -----
                                19920819
                                             EP 1992-300494
     EP 499364
                          A1
                                                                    199201
```

CM

2

21

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<--
     EP 499364
                            B1
                                   19961030
        R: DE, FR, GB, IT
     US 5262088
                                   19931116
                                                US 1991-645540
                                                                         199101
                                                                         24
                                                CA 1992-2059099
                                   20010515
     CA 2059099
                                                                         199201
                                                                          09
                                                      c - -
                            A2
                                   19930219
                                                JP 1992-9934
     JP 05038403
                                                                         199201
                                                                          23
                                                      <--
     JP 3213035
                            B2
                                   20010925
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                US 1991-645540
                                                                          199101
                                                                          24
                                                      <--
     An antifoaming agent, useful in aq. detergent compns., is prepd. by (1) uniformly dispersing a curable liq. organosiloxane
AB
     compn. (A) in a liq. continuous phase (B), using sufficient amt. of
     ≥1 surfactant to form a stable emulsion of A in B; and (2)
     curing dispersed liq. A in the emulsion. Thus, OH-terminated
     dimethylsiloxane fluid (13,500 cSt) 29, Me3SiO-terminated dimethylsiloxane (1000 cSt) 60, Et polysilicate 2.9, K
     silanolate 4.8, SiO2 2.9, and OH-terminated dimethylsiloxane
     (40 cSt) 4.8, EtOH 0.3, H2O 0.1, and L-540 were reacted and the
     catalyst neutralized by dry ice. Curing the neat product in
     presence of 1% stannous octoate on a dynamic rheometer showed in 14
     min. dynamic elastic modulus 2550 Pa and tan \delta 0.70.
ΙT
     11099-06-2, Ethyl polysilicate
     RL: USES (Uses)
         (filler, in prepn. of cured silicone defoamers)
RN
     11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
     Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
           1
     CRN
         1343-98-2
     CMF
          Unspecified
     CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
           2
     CRN 64-17-5
     CMF C2 H6 O
H3C-CH2-OH
     ICM B01D019-04
IC
     ICS C08J003-26
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 39
IT
     Crosslinking catalysts
         (stannous octoate, for curing functionalized siloxanes,
         to antifoamers)
```

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(di-Me, reaction of, in prepn. of crosslinked antifoamers)

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, reactions

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(di-Me, hydroxy-terminated, reaction of, in prepn. of crosslinked antifoamers)

IT Siloxanes and Silicones, uses

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(di-Me, polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene-, dispersant, in prepn.

of cured silicone defoamers)

IT 301-10-0, Stannous octoate

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalyst, for curing functionalized siloxanes, to

antifoamers)

IT 1343-98-2, Silicic acid 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 11099-06-2

, Ethyl polysilicate

RL: USES (Uses)

(filler, in prepn. of cured silicone defoamers)

L33 ANSWER 23 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1991:247520 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

114:247520

TITLE:

Preparation of (siloxy) silylalkenyl alkenedioate

monoester salts as surfactants and

intermediates

INVENTOR(S): Engelbrecht, Lothar; Sonnek, Georg; Hamann,

Horst

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Akademie der Wissenschaften der DDR, Ger. Dem.

Rep.

SOURCE: Ger. (East), 15 pp.

> CODEN: GEXXA8 Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIN	D DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DD 282692	A5	1990093	19 DD 1988-319672	
				198809
				09
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		DD 1988-319672	

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 114:247520; MARPAT 114:247520

198809 09

```
AR
     R1CH:CXCR2R3O2CZCO2M and R1CX:CHCR2R3O2CZCO2M [R1 = H, alkyl, CH2OH;
     R2 = H, alkyl; R3 = H, alkyl, C.tplbond.CCH2OH; X = organosilyl,
     polysiloxanyl; Z = CH2CH2, CH:CH, CH(OH)CH2, 1,2-phenylene;
     M = alkali metal, alk. earth metal, ammonium], useful as
     surfactants and synthetic intermediates, were prepd. by 1)
     treatment of R1C.tplbond.CCR2R3OH with equimolar amts. of HX in an
     org. aprotic solvent at 20-130° in the presence of a catalyst
     to give R1CH:CXCR2R3OH and R1CX:CHCR2R3OH, 2) acylation of the
     latter with acid anhydrides in the presence of an esterification
     catalyst, and 3) salification of the resulting monoesters. Thus,
     HOCH2C.tplbond.CCH2OH, heptamethyltrisiloxane, and H2PtCl6/Me2CHOH were refluxed 2 h in dioxane. Maleic anhydride was
     added, the mixt. was refluxed 0.5 h, Et3N was added, and reflux was
     continued 2 h. Aq. Na2CO3 was added at 40-50° to give title
     compd. I. I at 10 g/L reduced air-H2O surface tension from 71.3
     mN/m to 24.0 nN/m.
IT
     133978-23-1P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as surfactants and synthetic intermediates)
RN
     133978-23-1 HCAPLUS
CN
     2-Butenedioic acid, mono[4-hydroxy-3-[1,3,3,3-tetramethyl-1-
     [(trimethylsilyl)oxy]disiloxanyl]-2-butenyl] ester, compd. with
     N, N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CRN 133978-22-0
     CMF C15 H30 O7 Si3
 Me<sub>3</sub>Si-0
    Me-Si-O-SiMe3
HO-CH_2-C=-CH-CH_2-O-C-CH=-CH-CO_2H
     CM
          2
     CRN 121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Εt
Et-N-Et
TC
     ICM C07F007-08
CC
     29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
     Section cross-reference(s): 46
ST
     silylalkenyl alkanedioate salt prepn surfactant; alkynol
     silylation esterification salification
IT
     Hydrosilylation
        (of alkynols by hydrosiloxanes)
IT
     Surfactants
        (silylalkenyl alkanedioate monoester salts)
TT
     1873-88-7, 1,1,1,3,5,5,5-Heptamethyltrisiloxane
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (hydrosilylation by, of butynediol)
IT
     133960-57-3DP, polysiloxanyl
                                    133960-59-5DP,
```

```
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as surfactant and synthetic intermediate)
IT
    133978-21-9P 133978-23-1P 133978-24-2P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as surfactants and synthetic intermediates)
L33 ANSWER 24 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                     1991:145872 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                      114:145872
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                        Aqueous polysiloxane softening
                        compositions and process for the treatment of
                        textiles
INVENTOR(S):
                        Donkers, Annemieke Constantia Maria; Wright,
                        Shirley Elizabeth
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Dow Corning Ltd., UK
                        Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 17 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: BAXXDU
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                               DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                                                  DATE
     ______
    GB 2230787
                       A1 19901031
                                           GB 1989-2941
                                                                  198902
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           GB 1989-2941
                                                                  198902
                                                                  09
                                                <--
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                       MARPAT 114:145872
    The title compns. comprise an org. cationic compd., a poly(diorgano
    siloxane), and 0.2-1 part quaternary ammonium silane
     (R3)3SiR4N+(R5)3X- [R3 = C\leq5 alkyl, OH, alkoxy, C\leq12
    alkoxyalkoxy, trimethylsiloxy; R4 = divalent C2-10 aliph.
    hydrocarbylene linking Si and N and optionally contg. OH or ether
    linkages; R5 = hydrocarbyl (1 or 2 groups R5 having an C8-19 aliph.
    and 1 or 2 groups R5 having an C≤5 aliph.); X- = monovalent
     anion] and impart good softness to laundered textiles. Thus, 1 mol
     dimethyloxymethylchloropropylsilane was treated with 1.05 mol Me2NR
     (R = C12-14 \text{ alkyl}) to give a quaternary ammonium silane (I). Cotton
     fabrics were washed 3 times in an automatic washing machine,
     immersed in a bath contg. 2 L water and 50 g compn. contg.
    bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethylammonium chloride (II) 3,
     emulsion [contg. 1 part poly(dimethylsiloxane) and 8 parts
     cyclic poly(di-Me siloxane)] 0.7, and I 1.5 parts for 15
    min, and dried to give fabrics with softness and handle superior to
    those obtained with II only.
ΤT
     124-28-7D, Dimethyloctadecylamine, reaction products with
     dimetoxymethylchloropropylsilane
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (fabric softeners, contg. cationic compds. and siloxanes
       )
RN
    124-28-7 HCAPLUS
```

1-Octadecanamine, N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

polysiloxanyl

CN

```
Me_2N^- (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>17</sub>-Me
IC
     ICM C08L083-04
ICA D06M015-643
CC
     46-5 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
     Section cross-reference(s): 40
     quaternary ammonium silane softness cotton; cationic compd softener
ST
     cotton fabric; siloxane softener cotton fabric
     Quaternary ammonium compounds, uses and miscellaneous
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (fabric softener, contg. quaternary ammonium silanes and
        siloxanes)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (fabric softeners, contg. quaternary ammonium silanes and
        cationic compds.)
IT
     Softening agents
        (for textiles, cationic compd.-poly(diorgano siloxane
        )-quaternary ammonium silane mixts. as)
     Amines, compounds
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (C12-14-alkyldimethyl, reaction products, with
        dimethoxymethylchloropropylsilane, fabric softeners, contg.
        cationic compds. and siloxanes)
IT
     Quaternary ammonium compounds, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethyl, fabric softener, contg.
        quaternary ammonium silanes and siloxanes)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (di-Me, fabric softeners, contg. quaternary ammonium silanes and
        cationic compds.)
IT
     124-28-7D, Dimethyloctadecylamine, reaction products with
     dimetoxymethylchloropropylsilane
                                       7378-99-6D, Dimethyloctylamine,
     reaction products with dimetoxymethylchloropropylsilane
     18171-19-2D, reaction products with alkyldimethlamines
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (fabric softeners, contg. cationic compds. and siloxanes
L33 ANSWER 25 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:39175 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         110:39175
TITLE:
                        Process for preparing
                        siloxanylalkenediyl bis(carboxylates)
INVENTOR(S):
                         Sonnek, Georg; Drahs, Elke
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Akademie der Wissenschaften der DDR, Ger. Dem.
                         Rep.
                         Ger. (East), 5 pp.
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: GEXXA8
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         German
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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                                           -----
     DD 255346
                         A1
                               19880330 DD 1986-298207
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198612

22

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

DD 1986-298207

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198612 22

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 110:39175

GI

 $R^{1}-C-CR_{2}OC-X-CO_{2}M$   $H-C-CR_{2}OC-X-CO_{2}M$ 

AB Title compds. I [R = H, alkyl; R1 = (poly)organosiloxanyl or -silyl; X = HC:CH, (CH2)n; M = alkali metal, alk. earth metal, ammonium, n = 2-6], useful as materials for surfactants (no data), are prepd. by reaction of silyl- or siloxanylalkenediols or disilyl ethers with dicarboxylic acids or anhydrides. For example, esterification of 0.125 mol 2-(heptamethyltrisiloxanyl)-2-butene-1,4-diol with 0.25 mol maleic anhydride in the presence of 3.5 mL CS2 in PhMe at .apprx.110° gave 2-(heptamethyltrisiloxanyl) -2-butene-1,4-diyl dimaleate isolated as the bis(triethylammonium) salt.

IT 118202-97-4P 118245-37-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of)

RN 118202-97-4 HCAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, 2-(heptamethyltrisiloxanyl)-2-butene-1,4-diyl ester, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 118202-96-3 CMF C19 H36 O10 Si3

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

```
Et
Et-N-Et
     118245-37-7 HCAPLUS
RN
     2-Butenedioic acid (2Z)-, 2-(heptamethyltrisiloxanyl)-2-butene-1,4-
     diyl ester, compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
          1
     CM
     CRN 118202-94-1
     CMF C19 H32 O10 Si3
                            O-SiMe3
                           Me
                    Me-Si-Me
HO<sub>2</sub>C- CH = CH- C- O- CH<sub>2</sub>- C = CH- CH<sub>2</sub>- O- C- CH = CH- CO<sub>2</sub>H
     CM
          2
     CRN 121-44-8
     CMF C6 H15 N
   Εt
Et-N-Et
IC
     ICM C07F007-18
     29-6 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 46
ST
     siloxanylalkenediyldicarboxylate prepn surfactant
     material
IT
     Surfactants
        (materials for, siloxanylalkenediyl bis(carboxylates)
     75-15-0, Carbon disulfide, uses and miscellaneous
ΙT
     p-Toluenesulfonic acid, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (catalysts, for esterification of siloxanylalkenediols
        with dicarboxylic acids)
IT
     108-30-5, Succinic anhydride, reactions 108-31-6, 2,5-Furandione,
     reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (esterification by, of siloxanylalkenediols)
                     118202-95-2P
                                    118202-96-3P 118202-97-4P
ΙT
     118202-94-1P
                                                    118245-40-2P
     118245-37-7P
                     118245-38-8P
                                   118245-39-9P
     118245-41-3P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. of)
```

L33 ANSWER 26 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:411033 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:11033

TITLE: Preparing concrete and mortar mixtures

INVENTOR(S): Hoerling, Ludwig

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoerling, Ludwig, Fabrik Chemischer Baustoffe

G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 11 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3436676	A1	19860410	DE 1984-3436676	

198410

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1984-3436676

198410 05

AR Organosilicon compds., preferably surfactive, with polar groups, are added, alone or combined with the usual concrete additives, to prep. concrete and mortar mixts. A latent hydraulic binder, e.g., fly ash, blast-furnace slag, or electrofilter ash may be used in addn. to cement and sand or gravel. The organosilicon compd. may be a polysiloxane-polyoxyalkylene block copolymer or a siloxane with sulfate ester, sulfonate, or carboxylic groups. Thus, a soln. of sulfite liquor 600, water 300, and nonionic wetting agent 30 parts was mixed with the siloxane tenside MeSi[(OSiMe3)2](CH2)3OSO3HNEt3 1 part and 0.2-0.3% of this soln. was added to a concrete mix, contg. portland cement 45 F 250, 0-7 mm sand 300, 15-30 mm gravel 300, and water 70 kg, and the mix was compressed to concrete stones. The concrete was easily compressed; the degree of concn. was increased .apprx.10%, and therefore the compressive strength was 15-20% higher and the flexural strength .apprx.10% higher. The green stage strength was increased. The sides and face surfaces of the unfinished piece were acceptable.

IT 57244-87-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(in concrete mix, for increased compressibility and strength)

RN 57244-87-8 HCAPLUS

CM 1

CRN 45244-68-6

CMF C10 H28 O6 S Si3

```
O-SiMe3
Me-Si-(CH_2)_3-OSO_3H
    O-SiMe3
    CM
        2
    CRN 121-44-8
    CMF C6 H15 N
   Et
Et-N-Et
    ICM C04B024-42
IC
     ICS C04B028-02; C04B018-08; C04B018-14
CC
     58-2 (Cement, Concrete, and Related Building Materials)
     siloxane concrete increased compressibility strength
ST
ΙT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (in concrete mix, for increased compressibility and strength)
TΤ
    Concrete
        (siloxane additives in, for increased compressibility
        and strength)
ΙT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (polyoxyalkylene-, in concrete mix, for increased compressibility
        and strength)
     Polyoxyalkylenes
ΙT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (siloxane-, in concrete mix, for increased
        compressibility and strength)
IT
     57244-87-8
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (in concrete mix, for increased compressibility and strength)
L33 ANSWER 27 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
                     1986:188749 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        104:188749
TITLE:
                        A silicone defoamer composition
INVENTOR(S):
                        Aizawa, Koichi; Sewa, Shingo; Nakahara, Hideki
                      Dow Corning K. K., Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
     ------
                         A2
     EP 163541
                               19851204
                                         EP 1985-303834
                                                                  198505
                                                                  30
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	163541		<b>A</b> 3	19880420				
	163541 R: BE,	חבי בים	B1	19920415				
	60251906		A2		JP	1984-108450		
-								198405
								30
			<b></b>			<		
	03014481 4639489		B4 A	19910226	110	1985-738922		
US	4639469		A	196/012/	US	1905-730922		198505
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CA	1252017		A1	19890404	CA	1985-482653		
								198505
						<		29
US	4749740		Α	19880607	US	1986-930611		
0.0			••	1,00000.				198611
								14
						<		
JP	63044905		A2	19880225	JP	1987-131257		100705
								198705 29
						<		2,5
JР	03014482		B4	19910226				
CA	1300781		A1	19920512	CA	1987-550905		
								198711
						<		03
EP	270273		A2	19880608	EP	1987-310040		
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				1000000		<		
EP	270273 R: BE,	חם בם		19890920				
PRIORITY	APPLN. I		, GD, I	1	JР	1984-108450	А	
								198405
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						<		
					US	1985-738922	A2	198505
								29
						<		
					, US	1986-930611	Α	
								198611
						•		14
					,	<	• .	- 6

AB A silicone defoamer compn. was prepd. by reaction of a mixt. of polyorganosiloxane bearing OH or ether groups, a resinous siloxane or a Si compd., a finely divided filler, and a catalyst. Thus, 348 g of polydimethylsiloxane (I) having a Me3Si terminal group and viscosity of 1000 cSt was mixed uniformly with 25.8 g siloxane resin consisting of Me3Si00.5 and Si02 units at 25°, 180 g I having a terminal hydroxy group was added, followed by 3 g of a catalyst made from 90 g Me2CHOH and 10 g KOH, and the mixt. heated to 130-140°, 30 g Si02 dispersed, and the mixt. heated 2 h at 230° and at 180°/400 mm Hg to give a defoamer compn. Various defoamer compns. were prepd., emulsified, and used effectively in a foaming compn.

IT 11099-06-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

```
(reaction of, with poly(dimethylsiloxane) and silica,
        defoaming compn. from)
RN
     11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
     Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
          1
     CRN 1343-98-2
         Unspecified
     CMF
     CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
     CRN 64-17-5
     CMF C2 H6 O
H3C-CH2-OH
IC
     ICM B01D019-04
CC
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
     silicone defoamer compn; organosiloxane defoamer compn
ST
IT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (defoaming agents)
     Siloxanes and Silicones, reactions
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
IT
        (di-Me, reaction of, with Et polysilicate and silica, defoaming
        compn. from)
     7631-86-9, reactions
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with poly(dimethylsiloxane) and Et polysilicate, defoaming compn. from)
IT
     11099-06-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (reaction of, with poly(dimethylsiloxane) and silica,
        defoaming compn. from)
L33 ANSWER 28 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       1981:499695 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          95:99695
TITLE:
                          Antifoaming composition
INVENTOR(S):
                          Savinchuk, Lyudmila G.; Farvaeva, R. N.;
                          Semenov, Viktor K.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Magnitogorsk Mining-Metallurgical Institute,
                          USSR
SOURCE:
                          U.S.S.R. From: Otkrytiya, Izobret., Prom.
                          Obraztsy, Tovarnye Znaki 1981, (17), 26.
                          CODEN: URXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          Russian
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
     -----
     SU 827114
                                 19810507
                                             SU 1978-2685346
                          A1
                                                                      197811
```

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09
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             SU 1978-2685346
                                                                  Α
                                                                     197811
                                                                     09
     Antifoaming compns. are prepd. by adding 33-66 parts still residue
AB
     from ethyl silicate [11099-06-2] prodn. to mixts. of 8-17
     parts liq. siloxane and 17-50 parts (BuO) 3PO [126-73-8].
IT
     11099-06-2P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
     (distn. residue from manuf. of, antifoaming agents contg.) 11099-06-2 HCAPLUS
RN
     Silicic acid, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
     CM
          1
     CRN
          1343-98-2
     CMF
         Unspecified
     CCI MAN
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
     CM
          2
     CRN 64-17-5
     CMF C2 H6 O
H_3C-CH_2-OH
IC
     B01D019-04
CC
     46-4 (Surface Active Agents and Detergents)
ST
     silicate ethyl residue defoamer; siloxane silicate residue
     defoamer; phosphate silicate residue defoamer; butyl phosphate
     silicate defoamer; antifoaming phosphate silicate siloxane
IT
     Siloxanes and Silicones, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (antifoaming agents, contg. tri-Bu phosphate and distn. residue
        from Et silicate manuf.)
     Antifoaming agents
IT
        (siloxane-tributyl phosphate mixts. contg. residue from
        Et silicate distn.)
     126-73-8, uses and miscellaneous RL: USES (Uses)
IT
        (antifoaming agent, contg. siloxanes and distn. residue
        from Et silicate manuf.)
IT
     11099-06-2P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (distn. residue from manuf. of, antifoaming agents contg.)
L33 ANSWER 29 OF 29 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          1972:449158 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          77:49158
TITLE:
                          Quaternary ammonium salts of chloromethylated
                          silicon compounds
INVENTOR (S):
                          Pepe, Enrico J.; Kanner, Bernard
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Union Carbide Corp.
SOURCE:
                         U.S., 5 pp.
```

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 3661963	A	19720509	US 1969-803973	196903 03
			<	
US 3963726	Α	19760615	US 1971-197112	
				197111 09
			<	
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		,	US 1964-423414	A2 196412 31
			<	
			US 1969-803973	A3 196903 03

AB The title salts of silanes or siloxanes are prepd. by quaternization of the corresponding chloromethylated compds., and are useful as antistatic agents, wetting agents, lubricants, hydraulic fluids, coatings, elastomers, and cationic surfactants. Thus ClCH2C6H4CH2CH2SiMeF2 11.7 and Et3N 5.6 g were mixed in a test tube (immediate reaction), and the tube sealed with a glass stopper and heated at 90.deg. for 1 hr. The mixt. was heated to 150.deg. for 2 min and stripped in vacuo to give [β-[(triethylammoniomethyl)phenyl]ethyl]methyldifluorosilane chloride [35397-12-7]. Other examples (7) are given using tertiary quaternary amines such as triallylamine and pyridine. Also prepd. were linear siloxane copolymers such as I, useful as a

surfactant. IT 37216-58-3P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of)

RN 37216-58-3 HCAPLUS

CN Methanamine, N,N-dimethyl-, polymer with [2-[(chloromethyl)phenyl]ethyl]trimethylsilane and trimethoxyoctadecylsilane (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 50975-76-3

CMF C12 H19 Cl O3 Si

CCI IDS

$$_{\mathrm{D1}^-\mathrm{CH}_2^-\mathrm{C1}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{OMe} \\ | \\ \text{MeO-Si-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-D1} \\ | \\ \text{OMe} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 3069-42-9 CMF C21 H46 O3 Si

CM 3

CRN 75-50-3 CMF C3 H9 N

IC C07F

INCL 260448200N

CC 35-3 (Synthetic High Polymers)
 Section cross-reference(s): 51, 46

ST quaternary ammonium silane; siloxane polymer quaternary ammonium; antistatic quaternary silane; wetting agent silane; polysiloxane lubricant; coating siloxane

quaternary; surfactant polysiloxane quaternary IT Siloxanes and Silicones, preparation

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(ammonium compd.-substituted, manuf. of)

IT 35397-12-7P **37216-58-3P** 37871-03-7P 37871-04-8P 37871-05-9P 37999-22-7P

=>